EVIDENCE-BASED NEBRASKA

COUNTY NEEDS ASSESSMENT FY 2020-2021

Chase County

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Youth Level

Hispanic youth are over-represented in chronic absenteeism compared to the county population • and school population. Other race/ethnicities are too small to include.

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- The county had higher 504 plans in 2016-2017 school year frequencies were too small in other years to report but the county may know if trends were present before or since. Limited English proficiency is higher than the state average across all years but shows a declining trend.
- 10th graders report the most mental health and substance use issues; 10th graders have greater • loss of sleep from worry, alcohol use and binge drinking, and tobacco and vaping as compared to the state. 12th graders report greater alcohol use, binge drinking, and tobacco use as compared to the state average; vaping is high amongst seniors here and statewide. 12th graders report being very hopeful!
- There is a high proportion of 10th graders that report gang involvement. •
- Crime has decreased in the county for all age groups and for juveniles from 2018 to 2019. The • frequency for 2019 was 0 so it is difficult to make any conclusions for juvenile crime trends. Examining adult/all ages crime trends can assist in understanding crime trends generally.
- JJI did not have risk assessment scores for diversion from the 2015-2017 assessment • evaluation to include. If the county is not using a validated assessment tool, then it should begin doing so (there will be a statewide tool coming in July 2021). If the county does have assessment data in digital format for JJI to analyze, we would be happy to update this table.
- More youth are put on probation (24) than referred to diversion. Best practices is to divert more • youth than put youth on probation.
- Once referred to diversion, all racial/ethnic groups are enrolling and successfully completing diversion at an appropriate rate to the population of the county.
- Hispanic youth are under-represented in diversion referrals as compared to their representation • in the population. Unfortunately, we do not have law enforcement data by race/ethnicity to assess whether this is proportional to the rate of law enforcement stops. Hispanic youth are over-represented in probation.
- Hispanic youth are over-represented in multiple charges at filing and being filed in adult court. • There is missing data at diversion and the court, making the RED analysis less reliable than if data were completed.

Table 1.

Distribution of the Population Age 10-17 by Race/Ethnicity and Gender (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) a

Males

| Geographic Area Name | Total Count | Non- Hispanic White | Hispanic or Latino | Black | American Indian | Asian or Pacific Islander | 2+ Races |
|-------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Nebraska | 108,494 | 70.4% | 16.2% | 5.7% | 1.4% | 2.0% | 4.4% |
| Chase | 230 | 83.0% | 13.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 3.9% |





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Females

| Geographic Area Name | Total Count | Non- Hispanic White | Hispanic or Latino | Black | American Indian | Asian or Pacific Islander | 2+ Races |
|-------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Nebraska | 102,658 | 69.9% | 15.8% | 5.2% | 1.2% | 2.5% | 5.4% |
| Chase | 195 | 76.9% | 23.1% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |

Click here to go back to RED analysis

Table 2.

School Membership by Race/ Ethnicity and School Year (2014-2019) ^b

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Count | Hispanic | Asian | American Indian or Alaska Native | Black or African American | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific islander | White | Two or More Races |
|-------|--------------------|----------------|----------|-------|---|---------------------------------|---|--------|----------------------------|
| 2014- | Chase | 842 | 21.02% | 0.12% | 0.00% | 0.12% | 0.00% | 78.62% | 0.12% |
| 2015 | Nebraska | 312,281 | 17.74% | 2.43% | 1.42% | 6.70% | 0.13% | 68.20% | 3.38% |
| 2015- | Chase | 862 | 20.30% | 0.23% | 0.12% | 0.12% | 0.00% | 79.12% | 0.12% |
| 2016 | Nebraska | 315,542 | 18.08% | 2.53% | 1.38% | 6.67% | 0.14% | 67.72% | 3.47% |
| 2016- | Chase | 883 | 21.06% | 0.23% | 0.11% | 0.23% | 0.00% | 78.37% | 0.00% |
| 2017 | Nebraska | 318,853 | 18.61% | 2.66% | 1.38% | 6.69% | 0.15% | 66.92% | 3.59% |
| 2017- | Chase | 902 | 19.73% | 0.22% | 0.11% | 0.33% | 0.00% | 79.49% | 0.11% |
| 2018 | Nebraska | 323,391 | 18.80% | 2.76% | 1.35% | 6.67% | 0.14% | 66.50% | 3.78% |
| 2018- | Chase | 864 | 20.14% | 0.23% | 0.12% | 1.16% | 0.00% | 77.55% | 0.81% |
| 2019 | Nebraska | 325,984 | 19.13% | 2.83% | 1.33% | 6.63% | 0.15% | 66.02% | 3.91% |



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Table 3.

Chronic Absenteeism by Race/Ethnicity and School Year (2014 - 2019)^b

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Youth with Chronic Absenteeism | Hispanic | Asian | American Indian or Alaska Native | Black or African American | Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific islander | White | Two or More Races |
|-------|--------------------|--|---------------------|-------|---|---------------------------------|---|--------|----------------------------|
| 2014- | Chase | 90 | <mark>30.00%</mark> | * | * | * | * | 70.00% | * |
| 2015 | Nebraska | 35,638 | 24.54% | 1.64% | 4.42% | 12.93% | 0.19% | 51.61% | 4.68% |
| 2015- | Chase | 204 | <mark>24.51%</mark> | * | * | * | * | 75.49% | * |
| 2016 | Nebraska | 38,812 | 25.73% | 1.55% | 4.27% | 13.68% | 0.27% | 49.68% | 4.83% |
| 2016- | Chase | 118 | <mark>34.75%</mark> | * | * | * | * | 65.25% | * |
| 2017 | Nebraska | 42,290 | 26.90% | 1.66% | 4.40% | 14.22% | 0.24% | 47.66% | 4.92% |
| 2017- | Chase | 111 | <mark>32.43%</mark> | * | * | * | * | 67.57% | * |
| 2018 | Nebraska | 46,365 | 26.81% | 1.77% | 4.18% | 14.49% | 0.22% | 47.37% | 2389 |
| 2018- | Chase | 99 | <mark>32.32%</mark> | * | * | * | * | 67.68% | * |
| 2019 | Nebraska | 46,356 | 27.64% | 1.76% | 4.16% | 14.71% | 0.23% | 46.27% | 5.23% |

Per the Nebraska Department of Education, the * represents masked data, which they define as 10 or fewer students, for the confidentiality of the students

Table 4.

Disabilities, English Proficiency, Eligibility for Free/Reduced Lunch and School Year (2014 – 2019) ^b

| Year | Geographic Area | Total Count | IDEA | 504 Plan | Limited English Proficiency | Free/Reduced Lunch |
|-------|--------------------|----------------|--------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2014- | Chase | 842 | 10.69% | * | <mark>11.28%</mark> | 38.60% |
| 2015 | Nebraska | 312,281 | 13.66% | 0.76% | 5.97% | 44.53% |
| 2015- | Chase | 862 | 11.37% | * | <mark>10.79%</mark> | 37.94% |
| 2016 | Nebraska | 315,542 | 13.64% | 0.90% | 5.90% | 44.23% |
| 2016- | Chase | 883 | 11.10% | <mark>4.19%</mark> | <mark>11.10%</mark> | 42.58% |
| 2017 | Nebraska | 318,853 | 13.80% | 0.93% | 6.99% | 44.76% |
| 2017- | Chase | 902 | 12.64% | * | <mark>7.98%</mark> | 43.57% |
| 2018 | Nebraska | 323,391 | 15.87% | 0.88% | 6.59% | 46.24% |
| 2018- | Chase | 864 | 12.96% | * | <mark>8.80%</mark> | 43.17% |
| 2019 | Nebraska | 325,984 | 16.13% | 0.85% | 6.78% | 45.42% |

Per the Nebraska Department of Education, the * represents masked data, which they define as 10 or fewer students, for the confidentiality of the students

Table 5.

Nebraska Public High School 4-Year Graduation Rates by County (5-year estimates, 2015-2019) ^c

| County | Total in Las | st 5 Years | Yearly Av | verages | Graduation | |
|----------|--------------|--------------------|-----------|----------|------------|------|
| | Graduates | Graduates Students | | Students | Rate | Rank |
| Nebraska | 100,111 | 112,857 | 20,022.2 | 22,571.4 | 88.7% | n/a |
| Chase | 266 | 290 | 26.6 | 29.0 | 91.7% | 69 |

Data are only for public school districts and their associated high schools. The figures are aggregated based on the location of the school, not the residential location of the student. The figures for Dawes County are impacted by a vocational school where graduation rates are less than 25%; in the rest of the county graduation rates equal 93%.

Table 6.

Youth Who Report Mental Health Symptoms and Substance Use by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|----------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Chase | Loss of sleep from worry | 14.5% | <mark>28.3%</mark> | 10.9% |
| Nebraska | | 18.0% | <mark>20.6%</mark> | 21.6% |
| Chase | Depressed | 21.7% | 28.3% | 19.6% |
| Nebraska | | 31.1% | 34.8% | 35.3% |
| Chase | Considered/Attempted suicide | 4.3% | 15.4% | 10.9% |
| Nebraska | | 22.9% | 18.2% | 16.2% |
| Chase | Current alcohol | 7.5% | <mark>32.1%</mark> | <mark>44.4%</mark> |
| Nebraska | | 9.8% | <mark>20.1%</mark> | <mark>34.2%</mark> |
| Chase | Current binge drinking | 0.0% | <mark>11.5%</mark> | <mark>19.1%</mark> |
| Nebraska | | 1.3% | <mark>6.2%</mark> | <mark>15.0%</mark> |
| Chase | Current marijuana | 0.0% | 7.5% | 2.2% |
| Nebraska | | 3.0% | 7.3% | 13.9% |
| Chase | Current tobacco | 0.0% | <mark>13.5%</mark> | <mark>31.9%</mark> |
| Nebraska | | 3.7% | <mark>8.0%</mark> | <mark>15.3%</mark> |
| Chase | Current vaping | 2.9% | <mark>35.8%</mark> | 36.2% |
| Nebraska | | 10.4% | <mark>24.7%</mark> | 37.3% |
| Chase | Hopeful for future (past week) | 79.7% | 75.5% | <mark>93.6%</mark> |
| Nebraska | | 78.0% | 76.1% | <mark>77.6%</mark> |

**JJI is currently waiting for the legal team at DHHS to approve providing this data

Table 7. Juveniles Referred to Services ^e

Table 8.

Juveniles Referred to Services by Race/Ethnicity, Gender, and Mental Health Diagnosis ^e

Table 9. Juveniles Who Utilized Services ^e

Table 10. Types of Services Utilized ^e

Table 11.

Youth Who Report Gang Involvement by Grade (2018) d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|----------|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Chase | Youth Reported Gang Involvement | 4.5% | <mark>17.3%</mark> | 0.0% |
| Nebraska | | 3.8% | <mark>4.4%</mark> | 3.8% |

Table 12.

Arrest Rates for Adults and Juveniles for 2018 and 2019 with Percent Change ^f

| Arrestee Age | | All Arres | stee Ages | | Unc | ler 18 | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------|------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Summary Arrest Date | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 - 2019 Growth % | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 - 2019 Growth % | | | | |
| Jurisdiction by Geography | | | CHASE | COUNT | Y | | | | | |
| Arrest Offense | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | <mark>39</mark> | <mark>10</mark> | <mark>-74.36</mark> | <mark>6</mark> | | <mark>-100.00</mark> | | | | |
| Aggravated Assault Total | 1 | - | -100.00 | 0 | - | - | | | | |
| Larceny-Theft Total | 2 | - | -100.00 | 0 | - | - | | | | |
| Motor Vehicle Theft Total | 1 | - | -100.00 | 1 | - | -100.00 | | | | |
| Other Assaults | 5 | - | -100.00 | 0 | - | - | | | | |
| Forgery and Counterfeiting | 1 | - | -100.00 | - | - | - | | | | |
| Fraud | 1 | 1 | 0.00 | - | - | - | | | | |
| Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc. | 1 | - | -100.00 | 0 | - | - | | | | |
| Drug Violations - Possession | 5 | - | -100.00 | 1 | - | -100.00 | | | | |
| Offenses Against Family and Children | 1 | - | -100.00 | - | - | - | | | | |
| Driving Under the Influence | 5 | 4 | -20.00 | 0 | - | - | | | | |
| Liquor Laws | 12 | 1 | -91.67 | 4 | - | -100.00 | | | | |
| All Other Offenses (Except Traffic) | 4 | 3 | -25.00 | 0 | - | - | | | | |

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Table 13.

Risk Assessment Domains for Youth Assessed on Diversion (2015 - 2017)^g

| | | Chase | | All NYS Counties | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|---------|---|------------------|------------|----------|--|
| Score | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | |
| Family Circumstance/Parenting | | | | 60.1% | 26.7% | 13.1% | |
| Education/Employment | | | | 43.0% | 44.0% | 13.1% | |
| Peer Relationships | | | | 44.7% | 46.6% | 8.6% | |
| Substance Use | | | | 61.4% | 30.3% | 8.3% | |
| Leisure/Recreation | | | | 50.6% | 33.0% | 16.5% | |
| Personality/Behavior | | | | 50.1% | 39.4% | 10.4% | |
| Attitudes/Orientation | | | | 61.3% | 33.7% | 5.0% | |
| Mean Score | M | =, SD = | , | <i>M</i> = 5.6 | 4, SD = 3. | 65, 0-17 | |

Could not compute because county did not have any risk assessments completed

Table 14. Racial and Ethnic Disparities Descriptives (2015-2019)⁺

Click here to see Census and School Population Data

*Data were not separated by year because there were too few cases

| System Point | N | Amer. Indian/ Alaskan Native | Asian/ Pacific Islander | Black | Hispanic/ Latino | Multiple/ Other | Unspec/ Missing | White |
|----------------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|
| Law enforcement contact | | | | | - | | | |
| Youth taken to temporary custody | | | | | - | | | |
| Youth issued citation/referral | 32 | | | | | | | |
| Youth referred to diversion | 21 | 0% | 0% | 0% | <mark>4.80%</mark> | 0% | 9.50% | 85.70% |
| Youth enrolled in diversion | 19 | 0% | 0% | 0% | <mark>5.30%</mark> | 0% | 10.50% | 84.20% |
| Successful completion diversion | 16 | 0% | 0% | 0% | <mark>6.20%</mark> | 0% | 6.20% | 87.50% |
| Youth with multiple charges | 3 | 0% | 0% | 0% | <mark>33.30%</mark> | 0% | 0% | 66.70% |
| Filed on in adult court | 5 | 0% | 0% | 0% | <mark>20%</mark> | 0% | 20% | 60% |
| RAI Override: More Severe | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |





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| RAI Override: Less Severe | 0 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
|---------------------------------------|----|----|----|----|---------------------|----|----|--------|
| Probation intake | 5 | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 0% | 100% |
| Successful probation | 22 | 0% | 0% | 0% | <mark>72.70%</mark> | 0% | 0% | 27.30% |
| Revocation of probation | 2 | 0% | 0% | 0% | <mark>100%</mark> | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Youth in OJS custody | | | | | | | | |
| OJS custody: placed in detention | | | | | | | | |
| Youth booked into detention | | | | | | | | |
| Youth booked into detention more than | | | | | | | | |
| once | | | | | | | | |

Family Level

- Poverty and other measures related to socioeconomic status and poverty do not appear to be an issue in this county, as compared to the state averages. Fewer residents aged 25 and older have a bachelor's degree, but this is not uncommon in rural areas.
- 10th and 12th graders report not having a supportive adult at school, as compared to the state data.
- Domestic violence reports are not an issue in the county. Child abuse reports are unfounded at a higher rate than the state, and more are assessed.

Table 15.

Poverty/SES, Educational Attainment, Technology and Computers in Home, Housing, and Transportation (5year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a

| Measurement | | Chase | Nebraska |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Poverty/SES | Children <18 in Poverty | 8.1% | 14.8% |
| - | Number of children 12- | 80 | 43,814 |
| | 17 below 185% poverty | | |
| | Percent of children 12- | 26.7% | 28.9% |
| | 17 below 185% poverty | | |
| | | | |
| Educational attainment | Age 25+ with B.D. | <mark>20.8%</mark> | <mark>31.3%</mark> |
| | County rank | 49 | - |
| | Age 25+ with some | 31.0% | 23.0% |
| | college, no degree | | |
| | County rank | 3 | - |
| | Age 25+ with HS degree | 88.6% | 91.1% |
| | County Rank | 77 | - |
| | | | |
| Technology and computers in the home | % under 18 with a | 100.0% | 96.9% |
| | computer at home | | |
| | County rank | 1 | - |
| | % under 18 with an | 92.9% | 91.0% |
| | internet subscription at | | |
| | home | | |
| | County rank | 33 | - |
| | % under 18 with | 92.9% | 90.8% |
| | broadband internet | | |
| | access at home | | |
| | County Rank | 29 | - |
| | | | |
| Housing | Owner-occupied | 1,323 | 498,567 |
| | households | | |
| | Total households | 1,714 | 754,063 |





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| | Owner % | 77.2% | 66.1% |
|----------------|--------------------------------------|-------|---------|
| | Renters | 391 | 255,496 |
| | Renter % | 22.8% | 33.9% |
| Transportation | Households with no vehicle available | 59 | 40,465 |
| | Total households | 1,714 | 754,063 |
| | No vehicle % | 3.4% | 5.4% |
| | | | |

Table 16.

Youth Who Report Supportive Adults by Grade (2018) ^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|----------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Chase | Adult at home who listens | 85.10% | 84.90% | 91.50% |
| Nebraska | | 87.3% | 85.0% | 85.6% |
| Chase | Adult at school who listens | 84.10% | <mark>79.20%</mark> | <mark>76.60%</mark> |
| Nebraska | | 85.2% | <mark>85.0%</mark> | <mark>87.4%</mark> |

Table 17.

Domestic Violence Reports and Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means (2019) ^h

| | Aggravated Domestic Assaults Reported | Aggravated Domestic Assaults Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means | Simple Domestic Assaults Reported | Simple Domestics Assaults Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means |
|----------|---|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Chase | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nebraska | 562 | 402 | 2512 | 2019 |

Table 18.

Child Abuse and Neglect Reports (2018) ⁱ

| | Abuse/Neglect Calls | Reports Assessed | Substantiated | Unfounded |
|----------|---------------------|------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| Chase | 25 | 40% | 10% | <mark>80%</mark> |
| Nebraska | 36,480 | 33.4% | 16.0% | <mark>68.3%</mark> |

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Community Level

- Violent crime does not appear to be an issue, except other assaults.
- Youth report that they think their community finds marijuana and cigarettes to be wrong or very wrong at a rate higher than the state average. There is not the same trend for alcohol.
- Juvenile record sealing is not "automatic" even if statute requires it to seal. Sealing a record
 requires administrative staff to initiate the process. Dismissed or dropped cases should be sealed
 at a rate of 100%. All others should be sealed at the rate to which youth successfully complete
 their court requirements (completion of diversion, probation, restorative practice, or other
 treatment).
- Data for race and ethnicity at each juvenile justice system point is imperative for an accurate Racial and Ethnic Disparities (RED) analysis.

Table 19.

Community Violence Measured by Arrests for Violent Crime (2019) ^j

| Type of Violence | Chase | Nebraska |
|--------------------------------------|-------|----------|
| Murder and Nonnegligent manslaughter | | 34 |
| Rape | | 264 |
| Robbery | | 367 |
| Aggravated Assault | | 1,639 |
| Other Assaults | | 8,782 |

No data presented, or frequencies are 0

Table 20. Youth Perceptions of Community Attitudes on Substance Use by Grade (2018)^d

| | | 8 th | 10 th | 12 th |
|----------|-------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Chase | Wrong/very wrong – Marijuana | <mark>100.0%</mark> | <mark>94.3%</mark> | <mark>95.7%</mark> |
| Nebraska | | <mark>94.4%</mark> | <mark>89.8%</mark> | <mark>85.2%</mark> |
| Chase | Wrong/very wrong – alcohol | 89.4% | 83.0% | 67.4% |
| Nebraska | | 89.1% | 80.4% | 68.7% |
| Chase | Wrong/very wrong – cigarettes | <mark>98.5%</mark> | <mark>92.5%</mark> | 74.5% |
| Nebraska | | <mark>92.9%</mark> | <mark>89.0%</mark> | 78.7% |



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Table 21.

Juvenile Court Record Sealing Analysis (2015 – 2019)^m

see Appendix for yearly data

| | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 53 | 70 | <mark>75.7%</mark> |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | | | |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 55 | 76 | 72.4% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 10 | 14 | 71.4% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | | | |
| Total | 118 | 173 | 68.2% |

*Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. All cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis



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Policy, Legal and System Level

- This county is not a county required to provide counsel under statute; notably, access to counsel is very low in this community.
- Curfew violations, 3A, 3B, and 3C offenses are not being filed, so the county is appropriately diverting those cases or they are not an issue.
- With respect to diversion practices, the community may want to consider a few things:
 - Utilizing "pre-file" diversion where a youth is not filed on prior to being offered diversion
 - Allowing juveniles in some cases to repeat diversion
 - Not filing all unsuccessful cases, if the youth completed most of the diversion plan
 - o Allowing warning letters for the lowest risk youth
 - Comparing diversion fees to court costs so they are comparable. With a higher proportion of children <18 in poverty, perhaps offering scholarships.
 - Utilizing graduated responses where youth are given incremental consequences or rewards as opposed to an "all-or-nothing" approach for completing diversion successfully.
 - Having a process for sealing records for youth on diversion with law enforcement

Table 22.

Percent of Youth in Juvenile Court Who Had Access to Counsel (2018) ⁿ

| | Chase | Nebraska |
|-------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Access to Counsel | <mark>20.0 39.9%</mark> | 73.5% |

<u>Neb. Rev. 43-272</u>. Right to counsel; appointment; payment; guardian ad litem; appointment; when; duties; standards for guardians ad litem; standards for attorneys who practice in juvenile court.

(1)(a) In counties having a population of less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, when any juvenile shall be brought without counsel before a juvenile court, the court shall advise such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian of their right to retain counsel and shall inquire of such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian as to whether they desire to retain counsel.

(b) In counties having a population of one hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants, when any juvenile court petition is filed alleging jurisdiction of a juvenile pursuant to subdivision (1), (2), (3)(b), or (4) of section $\underline{43-247}$, counsel shall be appointed for such juvenile.



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Table 23.

Frequency of Youth with a Curfew Violation (2015 – 2019)^m

| | Chase | Nebraska |
|---------------------|-------|----------|
| Curfew Court Filing | 0 | 352 |

Table 24.

Court Filing for 3A, 3B, and 3C cases $(2015 - 2019)^{m}$

| | | Chase | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------|-------|------|------|------|-------|
| Filed Subtype | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | Total |
| 3A- Homeless/Neglect | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3B – Absenteeism/Truancy | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 3B - Uncontrollable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 3C – Mentally III and Dangerous | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| | | Nebraska | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------|----------|------|------|------|-------|
| Filed Subtype | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | Total |
| 3A- Homeless/Neglect | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 7 |
| 3B – Absenteeism/Truancy | 96 | 510 | 493 | 423 | 475 | 1997 |
| 3B - Uncontrollable | 47 | 118 | 125 | 119 | 82 | 491 |
| 3C – Mentally III and Dangerous | 22 | 48 | 37 | 22 | 23 | 306 |

Table 25.

County Diversion Procedures and Protocols Compared to Statewide Responses (2020) °

| | Chase | Nebraska * |
|---------------------------------------|--------|------------------|
| Refer ALL juveniles who are first | Yes | Yes: 27.3% |
| time offenders to diversion | | No: 63.6% |
| | | Not sure: 9.1% |
| File a juvenile's charges at the | Yes | Yes: 18.2% |
| time of the referral to diversion | | No: 70.5% |
| | | Not sure: 11.4% |
| File a juvenile's charges if they are | Always | Always: 47.7% |
| unsuccessful on diversion | | Sometimes: 47.7% |
| | | Not sure: 4.5% |
| Allow a juvenile to complete | No | Yes: 61.4% |
| diversion more than once | | No: 34.1% |
| | | Not sure: 4.5% |





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| Charges/offenses that make a | Yes: did not specify | Yes: 86.4% |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| juvenile ineligible for diversion | charges/offenses | No: 9.1% |
| | | Not sure: 4.5% |
| Warning letters instead of | No | Yes: 27.3% |
| intervention | | No: 61.4% |
| | | Not sure: 11.4% |
| Currently drug test | No | Yes: 31.8% |
| | | No: 65.9% |
| | | Not sure: 2.3% |
| Fees beyond restitution | <mark>Yes; \$150</mark> | Yes: 86.4% |
| | | No: 13.6% |
| | | Not sure: 0.0% |
| Use of graduated responses prior | Not sure | Yes: 47.7% |
| to discharge | | No: 25.0% |
| | | Not sure: 27.3% |
| Sealing diversion records | Yes; motion to dismiss to the | Yes: 59.1% |
| | court, the court seals the case by | No: 22.7% |
| | statute | Not sure: 18.2% |

*responses included 44 juvenile diversion programs; representing 68 counties/tribe (91.9% response rate)



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Community Team Level

- A community lead should be able to get roughly a 75% response, to ensure active participation on planning issues.
- The response rate for the collective impact survey decreased from 2019 to 2020 and no one completed the survey. The measures of collective impact are lower than the state average and other community teams. The county should work on strengthening the community team, which will benefit youth in the community.
- Backbone agency and shared measurement (see definitions below) are the lowest and may be the best place to begin strengthening the team.
- With no survey responses, we cannot make conclusions about the diversion of the team. The community team should be representative of the population of that community but should also include diversity. It might be beneficial to have Hispanic members on your team (especially because of the patterns of over and under representation.

Table 26. Collective Impact Survey Response Rates ^p

| | Southwest Team | | Nebr | aska |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| Year of survey | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 |
| Number of surveys sent | 14 | 5 | 1407 | 780 |
| Number of completed surveys | 4 | 0 | 221 | 345 |
| Response rate | <mark>28.6%</mark> | <mark>0.0%</mark> | 28.3% | 24.5% |

Table 27. Collective Impact Survey Scores ^p

| | Southwest Team | | Nebra | aska |
|--------------------------|----------------|------|-------|-------|
| Year of survey | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 |
| | Mean Score | | Mean | Score |
| Common agenda | 5.42 | | 5.29 | 5.69 |
| Mutually reinforcing | 5.26 | | 5.37 | 5.50 |
| Shared measurement | 5.07 | | 5.21 | 5.45 |
| Continuous communication | 5.19 | | 5.49 | 5.55 |
| Backbone agency | 4.77 | | 5.52 | 5.78 |

The five elements of Collective Impact are:

- **Common agenda:** Participants have a shared vision and common understanding of both the problem and potential solutions to that problem.
- **Mutually reinforcing activities:** Participant activities must be differentiated while still being coordinated through a mutually reinforcing plan of action.
- **Shared measurement:** Collecting data and measuring results consistently across all participants ensures efforts remain aligned and participants hold each other accountable.
- **Continuous communication:** Consistent and open communication is needed across stakeholders to build trust, assure mutual objectives, and create common motivation.
- **Backbone support**: Creating and managing Collective Impact often requires a separate organization(s) with staff and a specific set of skills to serve as the backbone for the entire initiative and to coordinate participating organizations ^q

Table 28. Community Planning Team Diversity ^p

| | Southwest Team | | Neb | raska |
|-----------------|----------------|-----|---------|-------|
| | N = 0 | (%) | N = 345 | (%) |
| Gender | | | | |
| Male | | | 101 | 29.3% |
| Female | | | 229 | 66.4% |
| Missing | | | 15 | 4.3% |
| | | | | |
| Age | | | | |
| Under 30 | | | 19 | 5.6% |
| 30-39 | | | 68 | 19.6% |
| 40-49 | | | 88 | 25.4% |
| 50-59 | | | 90 | 25.8% |
| 60 and over | | | 44 | 13% |
| Missing | | | 36 | 10.4% |
| | | | | |
| Race/Ethnicity | | | | |
| White | | | 230 | 66.7% |
| Black | | | 10 | 2.9% |
| Hispanic | | | 13 | 3.8% |
| Native American | | | 6 | 1.7% |
| Asian | | | 1 | 0.3% |
| Other | | | 2 | 0.6% |

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| Provided town name | | 63 | 18.3% |
|-----------------------------------|------|-----|-------|
| Missing | | 19 | 5.5% |
| Previous System Involvement | | | |
| Yes | | 98 | 28.4% |
| No | | 242 | 70.1% |
| Missing | | 5 | 1.4% |
| System Point | | | |
| Law enforcement | | 34 | 7.8% |
| County attorney/ juvenile court | | 32 | 7.3% |
| K-12 or secondary education | | 65 | 14.9% |
| Ministry/faith based | | 10 | 2.3% |
| Diversion | | 55 | 12.6% |
| Probation | | 31 | 7.1% |
| Public defender/ defense counsel/ | | 8 | 1.8% |
| guardian ad litem | | | |
| DHHS or Child Welfare | | 13 | 3.0% |
| Treatment provider | | 40 | 9.2% |
| Post adjudication or detention | | 8 | 1.8% |
| Community based program | | 109 | 25.0% |
| Elected official or government | | 6 | 1.4% |
| Restorative practices | | 6 | 1.4% |
| Backbone or system improvement | | 3 | 0.7% |
| Other | | 16 | 3.7% |
| Voice on Team | | | |
| Feel heard | | 270 | 78.3% |
| Do not feel heard | | 75 | 21.7% |



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References and Resources

^a Population data: Table B01001 race series, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020

^a Youth employment: Table B23001, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020

^a Poverty/SES: Table B10724, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020

^a Technology in household: Table B28005, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20

^a Home owner/transportation: Table B25045, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20

^a Education attainment: Table B15002, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020

^b School membership, chronic absenteeism, student disability, and free/reduced lunch: Prepared by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education

[°] Graduation rates: Special Tabulation by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 7-24-2020

^d Mental health, Substance use, gang, and community perceptions of substance use: Bureau of Sociological Research, Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey: https://bosr.unl.edu/current-nrpfss-county-level-data

^e Referral to and utilization of services: Department of Health and Human Services

^f Adult and iuvenile arrests: Nebraska Crime Commission. Crime Statistics: https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx ^g Diversion programs

^h Domestic violence: Nebraska Crime Commission, Domestic Assault: https://ncc.nebraska.gov/sites/ncc.nebraska.gov/files/doc/2019%20Domestic%20Assault%20and%20Arrest%2 0by%20County 0.pdf ¹Child abuse and neglect

^jCommunity violence: Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics: https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx ^k Distance to detention facility: Google Maps

Racial and ethnic disparities: Prepared by Mitch Herian, University of Nebraska-Lincoln with data provided by:

Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics: <u>https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx</u> Nebraska Crime Commission, Juvenile Case Management System Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE Nebraska Judicial Branch, Juvenile Services Division

^m Court Filings and Juvenile Record Sealing: Data provided by the Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute on 9-1-20

ⁿ Access to Counsel: Kids County in Nebraska Report, Voices for Children, retrieved from: <u>www.voicesforchildren.com/kidscount</u>. Data originally from Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE

^o **Diversion procedures and protocols:** Diversion survey distributed to Juvenile Diversion programs, 2020. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute

^p Collective impact: Collective impact surveys distributed to Community Planning Teams, 2019 and 2020. Prepared by: Anne Hobbs and Erin Wasserburger, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute

^q **Collective Impact Elements:** Kania, J., & Kramer, M. (2011). Collective Impact. *Stanford Social Innovation Review*.



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Appendix: Sealed Court Records by Year

*Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. All cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

| 2015 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 21 | 21 | 100.0% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | | | |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 15 | 15 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 0 | 4 | 0.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | | | |
| Total | 36 | 40 | 90.0% |

| 2016 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 12 | 14 | 85.7% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | | | |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 33 | 33 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 2 | 2 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to | | | |
| Juv. Court | | | |
| Total | 47 | 49 | 100.0% |

| 2017 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 8 | 19 | 42.1% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | | | |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 5 | 15 | 33.3% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 3 | 3 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | | | |
| Total | 16 | 50 | 100.0% |





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| 2018 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | 12 | 16 | 75.0% |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | | | |
| Filed in Juv. Court | 2 | 11 | 18.2% |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | 5 | 5 | 100.0% |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court | | | |
| Total | 19 | 32 | 59.4% |

| 2019 | Number of charges Sealed | Total Number of charges | Sealed (%) |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|
| Dismissed or Dropped | | | |
| Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ | | | |
| Filed in Juv. Court | | | |
| Filed in Adult Court (M or I) | | | |
| Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to | | | |
| Juv. Court | | | |
| Total | | | |