



Cuming County

Table of Contents

Youth Level	3
Distribution of the Population Age 10-17 by Race/Ethnicity and Gender (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a	3
Disabilities, English Proficiency, Eligibility for Free/Reduced Lunch and School Year (2014 – 2019) ^b	5
Nebraska Public High School 4-Year Graduation Rates by County (5-year estimates, 2015-2019) $^{\circ}$	5
Youth Who Report Mental Health Symptoms and Substance Use by Grade (2018) ^d	5
Youth Who Report Gang Involvement by Grade (2018) ^d	6
Arrest Rates for Adults and Juveniles for 2018 and 2019 with Percent Change ^f	7
Risk Assessment Domains for Youth Assessed on Diversion (2015 - 2017) ^g	8
Racial and Ethnic Disparities Descriptives (2015-2019) ¹	8
Family Level	10
Poverty/SES, Educational Attainment, Technology and Computers in Home, Housing, and Transportation year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a	on (5- 10
Youth Who Report Supportive Adults by Grade (2018) ^d	11
Domestic Violence Reports and Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means h	11
Child Abuse and Neglect Reports ⁱ	11
Community Level	12
Community Violence Measured by Arrests for Violent Crime (2019) j	12
Youth Perceptions of Community Attitudes on Substance Use by Grade (2018) ^d	12
Juvenile Court Record Sealing Analysis (2015 – 2019) ^m	13
Policy, Legal and System Level	14
Percent of Youth in Juvenile Court Who Had Access to Counsel (2018) ⁿ	14
Frequency of Youth with a Curfew Violation (2015 – 2019) ^m	15
Court Filing for 3A, 3B, and 3C cases (2015 – 2019) ^m	15
County Diversion Procedures and Protocols Compared to Statewide Responses (2020) $^{\circ}$	15
Community Team Level	17
Collective Impact Survey Response Rates ^p	17
Collective Impact Survey Scores ^p	17
Community Planning Team Diversity ^p	18
References and Resources	20
Annendix: Sealed Court Records by Year	22







Youth Level

- Hispanic and Native American youth are over-represented in chronic absenteeism as compared to enrollment rates in the schools.
- Cuming County students are eligible for free/reduced lunch at higher rates than the state.
- 96% of the students graduated from high school in Cuming County in the last 5 years.
- 12th graders report slightly higher rates of considering/attempting suicide compared to the state.
- 8th and 10th graders report higher rates of alcohol use compared to the state; 10th graders also report higher levels of binge drinking
- 10th and 12th graders report higher level of tobacco use compared to the state; 10th graders also report higher levels of vaping
- 12th graders report lower rates of feeling hopeful for the future as compared to the state.
- Arrests for juveniles under 18 are lower in 2019 than 2018 but have increased for the all age category.
 - o Drug possession and DUIs increased between 2018 and 2019 for all age groups
- Rates of arrests for Other Assaults, Vandalism, Liquor Laws, and All Other Offenses have increased from 2018 to 2019 for the under 18 age group.
- JJI did not have risk assessment scores for diversion from the 2015-2017 assessment evaluation to include. If the county is not using a validated assessment tool, then it should begin doing so (there will be a statewide tool coming in July 2021). If the county does have assessment data in digital format for JJI to analyze, we would be happy to update this table.
- Law enforcement data by race and ethnicity would be very beneficial to have a clearer picture
 of RED. Compared to the demographics of Cuming County Native American youth are
 overrepresented at diversion referrals and Hispanic youth are overrepresented at the point of
 being filed in adult court, probation overrides, probation intake, successful probation, and
 probation revocation.
 - o Diversion and adult court filings are missing race/ethnicity data.
- The rate at which Native American youth are enrolled in diversion is lower than the rate at which they are referred, but the rates for successful completion of diversion is comparable to enrollment rates.

Table 1. Distribution of the Population Age 10-17 by Race/Ethnicity and Gender (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a

Males

Geographic Area	Total Count	Non-Hispanic White	Hispanic or Latino	Black	American Indian	Asian or Pacific Islander	2+ Races
Nebraska	108,494	70.4%	16.2%	5.7%	1.4%	2.0%	4.4%
Cuming	600	77.3%	17.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.2%



Females

Geographic Area	Total Count	Non-Hispanic White	Hispanic or Latino	Black	American Indian	Asian or Pacific Islander	2+ Races
Nebraska	102,658	70.4%	16.2%	5.7%	1.4%	2.0%	4.4%
Cuming	626	77.3%	14.5%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	5.6%

Click here to go back to RED analysis

Table 2. School Membership by Race/ Ethnicity and School Year (2014-2019) ^b

Year	Geographic Area	Total Count	Hispanic	Asian	American Indian or Alaska Native	Black or African American	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific islander	White	Two or More Races
2014-	Cuming	1,585	21.20%	0.06%	3.34%	0.82%	0.00%	73.12%	1.45%
2015	Nebraska	312,281	17.74%	2.43%	1.42%	6.70%	0.13%	68.20%	3.38%
2015-	Cuming	1,518	22.13%	0.13%	3.29%	0.79%	0.07%	72.27%	1.32%
2016	Nebraska	315,542	18.08%	2.53%	1.38%	6.67%	0.14%	67.72%	3.47%
2016-	Cuming	1,501	22.39%	0.07%	3.66%	0.80%	0.07%	72.29%	0.73%
2017	Nebraska	318,853	18.61%	2.66%	1.38%	6.69%	0.15%	66.92%	3.59%
2017-	Cuming	1,470	23.67%	0.20%	3.81%	0.88%	0.07%	70.27%	1.09%
2018	Nebraska	323,391	18.80%	2.76%	1.35%	6.67%	0.14%	66.50%	3.78%
2018-	Cuming	1,476	22.56%	0.47%	4.74%	1.29%	0.07%	69.85%	1.02%
2019	Nebraska	325,984	19.13%	2.83%	1.33%	6.63%	0.15%	66.02%	3.91%

Table 3.

Chronic Absenteeism by Race/Ethnicity and School Year (2014 - 2019)^b

Year	Geographic Area	Total Youth with Chronic Absenteeism	Hispanic	Asian	American Indian or Alaska Native	Black or African American	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific islander	White	Two or More Races
2014-	Cuming	118	<mark>24.58%</mark>	*	<mark>12.71%</mark>	*	*	62.71%	*
2015	Nebraska	35,638	<mark>24.54%</mark>	1.64%	4.42%	12.93%	0.19%	51.61%	4.68%
2015-	Cuming	110	<mark>20.91%</mark>	*	13.64%	*	*	65.45%	*
2016	Nebraska	38,812	<mark>25.73%</mark>	1.55%	<mark>4.27%</mark>	13.68%	0.27%	49.68%	4.83%
2016-	Cuming	106	<mark>29.25%</mark>	*	<mark>14.15%</mark>	*	*	56.60%	*
2017	Nebraska	42,290	<mark>26.90%</mark>	1.66%	4.40%	14.22%	0.24%	47.66%	4.92%

2017-	Cuming	121	31.40%	*	<mark>22.31%</mark>	*	*	46.28%	*
2018	Nebraska	46,365	<mark>26.81%</mark>	1.77%	<mark>4.18%</mark>	14.49%	0.22%	47.37%	2389
2018-	Cuming	124	<mark>29.84%</mark>	*	13.71%	*	*	56.45%	*
2019	Nebraska	46,356	<mark>27.64%</mark>	1.76%	<mark>4.16%</mark>	14.71%	0.23%	46.27%	5.23%

Per the Nebraska Department of Education, the * represents masked data, which they define as 10 or fewer students, for the confidentiality of the students

Table 4. Disabilities, English Proficiency, Eligibility for Free/Reduced Lunch and School Year (2014 – 2019) ^b

Year	Geographic Area	Total Count	IDEA	504 Plan	Limited English Proficiency	Free/Reduced Lunch
2014-	Cuming	1,585	13.38%	*	3.09%	<mark>50.35%</mark>
2015	Nebraska	312,281	13.66%	0.76%	5.97%	<mark>44.53%</mark>
2015-	Cuming	1,518	12.45%	*	3.29%	<mark>48.29%</mark>
2016	Nebraska	315,542	13.64%	0.90%	5.90%	<mark>44.23%</mark>
2016-	Cuming	1,501	13.32%	*	4.00%	<mark>47.97%</mark>
2017	Nebraska	318,853	13.80%	0.93%	6.99%	<mark>44.76%</mark>
2017-	Cuming	1,470	14.97%	*	3.74%	<mark>51.22%</mark>
2018	Nebraska	323,391	15.87%	0.88%	6.59%	<mark>46.24%</mark>
2018-	Cuming	1,476	14.84%	*	5.28%	<mark>52.37%</mark>
2019	Nebraska	325,984	16.13%	0.85%	6.78%	<mark>45.42%</mark>

Per the Nebraska Department of Education, the * represents masked data, which they define as 10 or fewer students, for the confidentiality of the students

Table 5. Nebraska Public High School 4-Year Graduation Rates by County (5-year estimates, 2015-2019) °

County	Total in Las	st 5 Years	Yearly Av	verages	Graduation	
	Graduates	Students	Graduates	Graduates Students		Rank
Nebraska	100,111	112,857	20,022.2	22,571.4	88.7%	-
Cuming	552	574	36.8	38.3	<mark>96.2%</mark>	29

Data are only for public school districts and their associated high schools. The figures are aggregated based on the location of the school, not the residential location of the student. The figures for Dawes County are impacted by a vocational school where graduation rates are less than 25%; in the rest of the county graduation rates equal 93%.

Table 6.

Youth Who Report Mental Health Symptoms and Substance Use by Grade (2018) d





		8 th	10 th	12 th
Cuming	Loss of sleep from worry	13.8%	11.5%	16.7%
Nebraska		18.0%	20.6%	21.6%
Cuming	Depressed	21.0%	21.8%	26.7%
Nebraska		31.1%	34.8%	35.3%
Cuming	Considered/Attempted suicide	8.6%	7.7%	<mark>17.2%</mark>
Nebraska		22.9%	18.2%	<mark>16.2%</mark>
Cuming	Current alcohol	<mark>12.3%</mark>	<mark>34.7%</mark>	25.4%
Nebraska		<mark>9.8%</mark>	<mark>20.1%</mark>	34.2%
Cuming	Current binge drinking	0.0%	<mark>10.4%</mark>	12.7%
Nebraska		1.3%	<mark>6.2%</mark>	15.0%
Cuming	Current marijuana	0.0%	4.1%	4.8%
Nebraska		3.0%	7.3%	13.9%
Cuming	Current tobacco	1.3%	<mark>16.2%</mark>	<mark>22.2%</mark>
Nebraska		3.7%	<mark>8.0%</mark>	<mark>15.3%</mark>
Cuming	Current vaping	9.9%	<mark>29.3%</mark>	19.0%
Nebraska		10.4%	<mark>24.7%</mark>	37.3%
Cuming	Hopeful for future (past week)	85.2%	85.9%	<mark>70.5%</mark>
Nebraska		72.1%	74.7%	<mark>78.4%</mark>

**JJI is currently waiting for the legal team at DHHS to approve providing this data

Table 7.

Juveniles Referred to Services e

Table 8.

Juveniles Referred to Services by Race/Ethnicity, Gender, and Mental Health Diagnosis e

Table 9.

Juveniles Who Utilized Services e

Table 10.

Types of Services Utilized e

Table 11.

Youth Who Report Gang Involvement by Grade (2018) d





		8 th	10 th	12 th
Cuming	Youth Reported Gang Involvement	1.3%	4.0%	1.6%
Nebraska		3.8%	4.4%	3.8%

Table 12. Arrest Rates for Adults and Juveniles for 2018 and 2019 with Percent Change ^f

Arrestee Age		All Arres	stee Ages		Und	der 18
Summary Arrest Date	2018	2019	2018 - 2019 Growth %	2018	2019	2018 - 2019 Growth %
Jurisdiction by Geography			CUMING	COUNT	Υ	
Arrest Offense						
Total	<mark>79</mark>	<mark>104</mark>	31.65	<mark>20</mark>	8	-60.00
Rape Total	-	1	-	-	1	-
Burglary Total	-	2	-	-	-	•
Larceny-Theft Total	4	2	-50.00	-	-	•
Motor Vehicle Theft Total	-	3	-	-	2	•
Other Assaults	20	17	-15.00	<mark>6</mark>	0	-100.00
Fraud	4	1	-75.00	-	-	-
Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing	-	1	-	-	1	-
Vandalism	4	7	75.00	2	2	0.00
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	2	3	50.00	-	0	-
Sex Offenses (Except Rape and Prostitution)	1	ı	-100.00	-	ı	1
Drug Violations - Sale/Manufacturing	-	2	-	-	0	-
Drug Violations - Possession	8	<mark>22</mark>	175.00	3	1	-66.67
Driving Under the Influence	<mark>13</mark>	<mark>30</mark>	130.77	1	1	0.00
Liquor Laws	<mark>15</mark>	9	-40.00	8	0	-100.00
Disorderly Conduct	3	1	-66.67	-	-	-
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	5	3	-40.00	0	0	-





Table 13. Risk Assessment Domains for Youth Assessed on Diversion (2015 - 2017) ^g

	Cuming			All	NYS Cour	nties
Score	0	1	2	0	1	2
Family Circumstance/Parenting	-			60.1%	26.7%	13.1%
Education/Employment	I			43.0%	44.0%	13.1%
Peer Relationships				44.7%	46.6%	8.6%
Substance Use				61.4%	30.3%	8.3%
Leisure/Recreation				50.6%	33.0%	16.5%
Personality/Behavior				50.1%	39.4%	10.4%
Attitudes/Orientation				61.3%	33.7%	5.0%
Mean Score	M:	=, SD =	,	M = 5.64, $SD = 3.65$, 0-17		

Could not compute because county did not have any risk assessments completed

Table 14. Racial and Ethnic Disparities Descriptives (2015-2019)

Click here to see Census and School Population Data

*Data were not separated by year because there were too few cases

System Point	N	Amer. Indian/ Alaskan Native	Asian/ Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic/ Latino	Multiple/ Other	Unspec/ Missing	White
Law enforcement contact		1			1			
Youth taken to temporary custody		1			1			
Youth issued citation/referral	55*							
Youth referred to diversion	43	<mark>7%</mark>	0%	0%	9.30%	2.30%	<mark>4.70%</mark>	76.70%
Youth enrolled in diversion	38	<mark>2.60%</mark>	0%	0%	10.50%	2.60%	<mark>2.60%</mark>	81.60%
Successful completion diversion	36	<mark>2.80%</mark>	0%	0%	11.10%	2.80%	2.80%	80.60%
Youth with multiple charges	10	0%	0%	0%	<mark>20%</mark>	0%	0%	80%
Filed on in adult court	7	0%	0%	0%	<mark>42.90%</mark>	0%	<mark>14.30%</mark>	42.90%
RAI Override: More Severe	7	0%	0%	0%	<mark>42.90%</mark>	0%	0%	57.10%





RAI Override: Less Severe	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Probation intake	13	0%	0%	0%	<mark>38.50%</mark>	0%	0%	61.50%
Successful probation	75	2.70%	0%	0%	34.70%	0%	0%	62.70%
Revocation of probation	14	0%	0%	0%	<mark>50%</mark>	0%	0%	50%
Youth in OJS custody								
OJS custody: placed in detention	-							
Youth booked into detention	-							
Youth booked into detention more than once		1						

^{*}Cuming County sheriff only partially reported in 2018; West Point PD only partially reported in 2017





Family Level

- Compared to state data, Cuming County has higher rates of children in poverty.
- Number of adults with bachelor's degrees is lower than the state average; it may be possible that
 residents who go to college outside of Cuming County find employment where they go to school
 and do not return to Cuming County.
 - The number of adults with high school degrees in Cuming County is slightly lower than the state average.
- Youth in Cuming County have less access to internet in the home compared to the state.
- Cuming County youth of all grades report having adults at home and school who listen to them.

Table 15.
Poverty/SES, Educational Attainment, Technology and Computers in Home, Housing, and Transportation (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a

Measurement		Cuming	Nebraska
Poverty/SES	Children <18 in Poverty	8.3%	14.8%
-	Number of children 12-	318	43,814
	17 below 185% poverty		
	Percent of children 12-	<mark>36.9%</mark>	28.9%
	17 below 185% poverty		
Educational attainment	Age 25+ with B.D.	<mark>23.2%</mark>	31.3%
	County rank	27	-
	Age 25+ with some	16.7%	23.0%
	college, no degree		
	County rank	92	-
	Age 25+ with HS degree	<mark>87.4%</mark>	91.1%
	County Rank	85	-
Technology and computers in the home	% under 18 with a	98.4%	96.9%
	computer at home		
	County rank	45	=
	% under 18 with an	<mark>84.7%</mark>	91.0%
	internet subscription at		
	home		
	County rank	74	-
	% under 18 with	<mark>83.8%</mark>	90.8%
	broadband internet		
	access at home		
	County Rank	76	-





Housing	Owner-occupied households	2,598	498,567
	Total households	3,752	754,063
	Owner %	69.2%	66.1%
	Renters	1,154	255,496
	Renter %	30.8%	33.9%
Transportation	Households with no vehicle available	199	40,465
	Total households	3,752	754,063
	No vehicle %	5.3%	5.4%

Table 16. Youth Who Report Supportive Adults by Grade (2018) ^d

		8 th	10 th	12 th
Cuming	Adult at home who listens	87.3%	89.7%	88.9%
Nebraska		87.3%	85.0%	85.6%
Cuming	Adult at school who listens	88.9%	92.2%	96.8%
Nebraska		85.2%	85.0%	87.4%

Table 17.

Domestic Violence Reports and Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means ^h

	Aggravated	Aggravated	Simple Domestic	Simple Domestics
	Domestic Assaults	Domestic Assaults	Assaults Reported	Assaults Cleared
	Reported	Cleared by Arrest		by Arrest or
		or Exceptional		Exceptional Means
		Means		
Cuming	1	1	5	2
Nebraska	562	402	2512	2019

Table 18. Child Abuse and Neglect Reports ⁱ

	Abuse/Neglect Calls	Reports Assessed	Substantiated	Unfounded
Cuming	82	38%	23%	48%
Nebraska	36,480	33.4%	16.0%	68.3%



Community Level

- With regard to how the youth perceive the community attitudes on substance use, 8th, 10th and 12th graders report lower rates regarding alcohol than the state average; 8th and 12th graders also report lower rates than the state regarding cigarettes.
- Juvenile record sealing is not "automatic" even if statute requires it to seal. Sealing a record
 requires administrative staff to initiate the process. Dismissed or dropped cases should be
 sealed at a rate of 100%. All others should be sealed at the rate to which youth successfully
 complete their court requirements (completion of diversion, probation, restorative practice, or
 other treatment).
- There are high rates of missing race/ethnicity data at the trial court (JUSTICE) and older diversion data. Data for race and ethnicity at each juvenile justice system point is imperative for an accurate Racial and Ethnic Disparities (RED) analysis.

Table 19. Community Violence Measured by Arrests for Violent Crime (2019) ^j

Type of Violence	Cuming	Nebraska
Murder and Nonnegligent manslaughter	0	34
Rape	1	264
Robbery	0	367
Aggravated Assault	0	1,639
Other Assaults	17	8,782

Table 20. Youth Perceptions of Community Attitudes on Substance Use by Grade (2018) ^d

		8 th	10 th	12 th
Cuming	Wrong/very wrong – Marijuana	97.4%	93.6%	90.5%
Nebraska		94.4%	89.8%	85.2%
Cuming	Wrong/very wrong – alcohol	<mark>84.4%</mark>	<mark>74.4%</mark>	<mark>61.9%</mark>
Nebraska		<mark>89.1%</mark>	<mark>80.4%</mark>	<mark>68.7%</mark>
Cuming	Wrong/very wrong – cigarettes	<mark>88.5%</mark>	89.7%	<mark>66.7%</mark>
Nebraska		<mark>92.9%</mark>	89.0%	<mark>78.7%</mark>





Table 21.

Juvenile Court Record Sealing Analysis (2015 – 2019) ^m

see Appendix for yearly data

	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	18	31	<mark>58.1%</mark>
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ		-	
Filed in Juv. Court	113	225	50.2%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	13	23	56.5%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to	0	3	0.0%
Juv. Court			
Total	144	283	50.9%

^{*}Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. Some cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

Policy, Legal and System Level

- This county is not a county required to provide counsel under statute; notably, access to counsel is very low in this community.
- There are few 3A, 3B uncontrollable, and 3C filings in court so the community is diverting appropriately
- With respect to diversion practices, the community may want to consider a few things:
 - Not filing all unsuccessful cases, if the youth completed most of the diversion plan
 - Allowing warning letters for the lowest risk youth
 - Comparing diversion fees to court costs so they are comparable. With a higher proportion of children <18 in poverty, perhaps offering scholarships
 - o If drug testing is needed, it should only be used on cases where the youth demonstrates a substance use issue.
 - Having a process for sealing records for youth on diversion with law enforcement and JCMS, as required by statute.

Table 22.

Percent of Youth in Juvenile Court Who Had Access to Counsel (2018) ⁿ

	Cuming	Nebraska
Access to Counsel	<mark>20.0% 39.9%</mark>	73.5%

Neb. Rev. 43-272. Right to counsel; appointment; payment; guardian ad litem; appointment; when; duties; standards for guardians ad litem; standards for attorneys who practice in juvenile court.

(1)(a) In counties having a population of less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, when any juvenile shall be brought without counsel before a juvenile court, the court shall advise such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian of their right to retain counsel and shall inquire of such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian as to whether they desire to retain counsel.

(b) In counties having a population of one hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants, when any juvenile court petition is filed alleging jurisdiction of a juvenile pursuant to subdivision (1), (2), (3)(b), or (4) of section 43-247, counsel shall be appointed for such juvenile.

Table 23. Frequency of Youth with a Curfew Violation (2015 – 2019) ^m

	Cuming	Nebraska
Curfew Court Filing	0	352

Table 24. Court Filing for 3A, 3B, and 3C cases (2015 - 2019) m

	Cuming					
Filed Subtype	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total
3A- Homeless/Neglect	0	0	0	0	0	0
3B – Absenteeism/Truancy	0	0	0	1	5	6
3B - Uncontrollable	0	2	1	0	0	3
3C – Mentally III and Dangerous	0	0	0	0	0	0

		Nebraska				
Filed Subtype	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total
3A- Homeless/Neglect	0	2	0	2	3	7
3B – Absenteeism/Truancy	96	510	493	423	475	1997
3B - Uncontrollable	47	118	125	119	82	491
3C – Mentally III and Dangerous	22	48	37	22	23	306

Table 25. County Diversion Procedures and Protocols Compared to Statewide Responses (2020) $^{\circ}$

	Cuming	Nebraska *
Refer ALL juveniles who are first	No	Yes: 27.3%
time offenders to diversion		No: 63.6%
		Not sure: 9.1%
File a juvenile's charges at the	No	Yes: 18.2%
time of the referral to diversion		No: 70.5%
		Not sure: 11.4%
File a juvenile's charges if they are	<mark>Always</mark>	Always: 47.7%
unsuccessful on diversion		Sometimes: 47.7%
		Not sure: 4.5%
Allow a juvenile to complete	Yes	Yes: 61.4%
diversion more than once		No: 34.1%
		Not sure: 4.5%





Charges/offenses that make a juvenile ineligible for diversion	Yes; felony charges and traffic offenses	Yes: 86.4% No: 9.1% Not sure: 4.5%
Warning letters instead of intervention	No	Yes: 27.3% No: 61.4% Not sure: 11.4%
Currently drug test	Yes	Yes: 31.8% No: 65.9% Not sure: 2.3%
Fees beyond restitution	Yes; depends on the charge	Yes: 86.4% No: 13.6% Not sure: 0.0%
Use of graduated responses prior to discharge	Not sure	Yes: 47.7% No: 25.0% Not sure: 27.3%
Sealing diversion records	No; the county attorney sends information about sealing records and juveniles/family must arrange for sealing	Yes: 59.1% No: 22.7% Not sure: 18.2%

^{*}responses included 44 juvenile diversion programs; representing 68 counties/tribe (91.9% response rate)

Community Team Level

- A community lead should be able to get roughly a 75% response, to ensure active participation on planning issues, your response rate was 37.0%.
- The rates of collective impact went up for three elements, but down for two. The community team should look at shared measurement and continuous communication amongst the team.
- The community team should be representative of the population of that community but should also include diversity. It might be beneficial to add diverse member to your team (especially because of the patterns of over and under representation.)
- The Northeast Team has good representation of previous system involvement.
- There were no probation, defense counsel, DHHS, ministry/faith based, or detention system point mentioned on your team; it could be that your team does include members at these system points but did not respond to the survey.
- 3/4 of the team felt heard by the group, but that may not be representative due to low response rate.

Table 26.
Collective Impact Survey Response Rates P

	Northeast Team		Nebr	aska
Year of survey	2019	2020	2019	2020
Number of surveys sent	29	46	1407	780
Number of completed surveys	5	17	221	345
Response rate	17.2%	<mark>37.0%</mark>	28.3%	24.5%

Table 27.
Collective Impact Survey Scores ^p

	Northeast Team		Nebraska	
Year of survey	2019	2020	2019	2020
	Mean Score		Mean Score	
Common agenda	5.14	5.65	5.29	5.69
Mutually reinforcing	5.25	5.29	5.37	5.50
Shared measurement	<mark>5.18</mark>	<mark>4.94</mark>	5.21	5.45

Continuous communication	<u>5.50</u>	<u>5.41</u>	5.49	5.55
Backbone agency	5.25	5.35	5.52	5.78

The five elements of Collective Impact are:

- **Common agenda:** Participants have a shared vision and common understanding of both the problem and potential solutions to that problem.
- **Mutually reinforcing activities:** Participant activities must be differentiated while still being coordinated through a mutually reinforcing plan of action.
- **Shared measurement:** Collecting data and measuring results consistently across all participants ensures efforts remain aligned and participants hold each other accountable.
- **Continuous communication:** Consistent and open communication is needed across stakeholders to build trust, assure mutual objectives, and create common motivation.
- Backbone support: Creating and managing Collective Impact often requires a separate organization(s) with staff and a specific set of skills to serve as the backbone for the entire initiative and to coordinate participating organizations ^q

Table 28. Community Planning Team Diversity ^p

	Northea	st Team	Neb	raska
	N = 17	(%)	N = 345	(%)
Gender				
Male	8	47.1%	101	29.3%
Female	8	47.1%	229	66.4%
Missing	1	5.9%	15	4.3%
Age				
Under 30			19	5.6%
30-39	6	35.3%	68	19.6%
40-49	6	35.3%	88	25.4%
50-59	2	11.8%	90	25.8%
60 and over	2	11.8%	44	13%
Missing	1	5.9%	36	10.4%
Race/Ethnicity				
White	15	88.2%	230	66.7%
Black			10	2.9%
Hispanic			13	3.8%
Native American			6	1.7%
Asian	1	5.9%	1	0.3%
Other			2	0.6%





Provided town name	1	5.9%	63	18.3%
Missing			19	5.5%
Previous System Involvement				
Yes	7	41.2%	98	28.4%
No	10	58.8%	242	70.1%
Missing			5	1.4%
System Point *				
Law enforcement	4	19.0%	34	7.8%
County attorney/ juvenile court	5	23.8%	32	7.3%
K-12 or secondary education	7	33.3%	65	14.9%
Ministry/faith based			10	2.3%
Diversion	2	9.5%	55	12.6%
Probation			31	7.1%
Public defender/ defense counsel/			8	1.8%
guardian ad litem				
DHHS or Child Welfare			13	3.0%
Treatment provider	1	4.8%	40	9.2%
Post adjudication or detention			8	1.8%
Community based program	1	4.8%	109	25.0%
Elected official or government			6	1.4%
Restorative practices			6	1.4%
Backbone or system improvement			3	0.7%
Other	1	4.8%	16	3.7%
Voice on Team				
Feel heard	13	76.5%	270	78.3%
Do not feel heard	4	23.5%	75	21.7%

Boone n = 1, Burt n = 1, Cuming n = 1, Madison n = 10, Stanton n = 1, Wayne n = 1 (one person named more than one county they represent)

*note. Team members could have selected more than one system point; as such, they do not add up to 100%

References and Resources

- ^a **Population data:** Table B01001 race series, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020
- ^a **Youth employment:** Table B23001, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020
- ^a **Poverty/SES:** Table B10724, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020
- ^a **Technology in household:** Table B28005, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20
- ^a **Home owner/transportation:** Table B25045, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20
- ^a **Education attainment:** Table B15002, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020
- ^b School membership, chronic absenteeism, student disability, and free/reduced lunch: Prepared by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education
- ^c **Graduation rates:** Special Tabulation by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 7-24-2020
- ^d Mental health, Substance use, gang, and community perceptions of substance use: Bureau of Sociological Research, Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey: https://bosr.unl.edu/current-nrpfss-county-level-data
- e Referral to and utilization of services: Department of Health and Human Services
- f Adult and juvenile arrests: Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics: https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx
 g Diversion programs
- h Domestic violence: Nebraska Crime Commission, Domestic Assault: https://ncc.nebraska.gov/sites/ncc.nebraska.gov/files/doc/2019%20Domestic%20Assault%20and%20Arrest%20by%20County_0.pdf

¹Child abuse and neglect

^j **Community violence:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics: https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx

^k Distance to detention facility: Google Maps

¹Racial and ethnic disparities: Prepared by Mitch Herian, University of Nebraska-Lincoln with data provided by:





Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics: https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx
Nebraska Crime Commission, Juvenile Case Management System
Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE
Nebraska Judicial Branch, Juvenile Services Division

- ^m Court Filings and Juvenile Record Sealing: Data provided by the Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute on 9-1-20
- ⁿ **Access to Counsel:** Kids County in Nebraska Report, Voices for Children, retrieved from: www.voicesforchildren.com/kidscount. Data originally from Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE
- ^o **Diversion procedures and protocols:** Diversion survey distributed to Juvenile Diversion programs, 2020. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute
- ^p **Collective impact:** Collective impact surveys distributed to Community Planning Teams, 2019 and 2020. Prepared by: Anne Hobbs and Erin Wasserburger, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute
- ^q Collective Impact Elements: Kania, J., & Kramer, M. (2011). Collective Impact. *Stanford Social Innovation Review*.



Appendix: Sealed Court Records by Year

*Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. Some cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

2015	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	0	4	0.0%
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ			
Filed in Juv. Court	4	13	30.8%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	8	17	47.1%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to			
Juv. Court			
Total	12	34	35.3%

2016	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	3	9	33.3%
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ			
Filed in Juv. Court	17	48	35.4%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	2	3	66.7%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to			
Juv. Court			
Total	22	60	36.7%

2017	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	2	3	66.7%
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ		1	
Filed in Juv. Court	19	57	33.3%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	0	1	0.0%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to			
Juv. Court			
Total	21	61	34.4%





2018	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	4	4	100%
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ			
Filed in Juv. Court	28	49	57.1%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	2	2	100%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to			
Juv. Court			
Total	34	55	61.8%

2019	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	9	11	81.8%
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ			
Filed in Juv. Court	45	58	77.6%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	1	1	100%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court	0	2	0.0
Total	55	73	75.3%