



Douglas County

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Youth Level

- Black, Hispanic/Latino, youth of multiple races have disproportionately higher chronic
 absenteeism as compared to the school membership population (and compared to the state
 averages) with the disproportionality higher for Black youth. The trend for both Hispanic and
 Black youth has increased over the past 5 school years.
- Fewer youth have IDEA and 504 plans as compared to the state; there are higher rates of limited English proficiency and free/reduced lunch. Graduation rates are lower than the state average, and the county is ranked 89 of 93.
- Fewer youth report depression, worry, and suicidal ideation; and more youth report feeling hopeful as compared to the state averages.
- Substance use appears to be similar, if not less of a problem, than the state averages with the exception of 12th graders in which alcohol use, binge drinking, marijuana use, and vaping are higher.
- Gang activity is increasing for girls, and most violent crime is attributed to gangs
- Burglary, larceny, motor vehicle theft, other assaults, fraud, and weapons possession crimes increased at a higher rate from 2018 to 2019 for juveniles than all ages; however, DUIs, liquor laws, and drug possession decreased from 2018 to 2019 for all ages, but especially for juveniles
- Risk assessment domains for youth assessed at the JAC for diversion suggest Education/Employment, Peer Relationships, and Personality/Behavior are the areas of highest need. Males have higher needs than females for Education/Employment, Substance Use, and Attitudes/Orientation. Risk assessment scores were higher for youth of color than White youth. For Hispanic, Black, and youth of multiple races, several domains were higher than the comparison White group: Family, Education/Employment, Leisure/Recreation, Personality/Behavior, and Attitudes/Orientation, while Substance Use was higher for White youth.
- Black youth are over-represented at all system points compared to the population (unfortunately, we do not have law enforcement data by race/ethnicity to see if Black youth are being referred to these system point at a rate that is proportional to law enforcement stops of citations/referrals). Once referred to diversion, Black youth are enrolling and are successful at the same rate as they are referred. The disproportionality for Black youth is even higher for Crossover diversion, filed on with multiple charges, filed on in adult court, and probation intake. Black youth have both higher RAI overrides to more severe and less sever placements. Once on probation, Black youth have a higher rate of revocation.
- Hispanic youth are referred to diversion at a rate proportional to the juvenile population and are referred to Crossover diversion at a lower rate than to the population. Hispanic youth have a higher rate of being filed on in adult court, and once on probation have a higher rate of successful completion as compared to the population rate.
- Refer to the yearly RED tables in the Appendix to see if RED patterns have improved, declined, or stayed the same from 2015 to 2019.





Table 1.

Distribution of the Population Age 10-17 by Race/Ethnicity and Gender (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a

Males

Geographic Area	Total Count	Non-Hispanic White	Hispanic or Latino	Black	American Indian	Asian or Pacific Islander	2+ Races
Nebraska	108,494	70.4%	16.2%	5.7%	1.4%	2.0%	4.4%
Douglas	31,263	58.0%	19.6%	14.1%	0.9%	2.9%	4.5%

Females

Geographic Area	Total Count	Non-Hispanic White	Hispanic or Latino	Black	American Indian	Asian or Pacific Islander	2+ Races
Nebraska	102,658	70.4%	16.2%	5.7%	1.4%	2.0%	4.4%
Douglas	30,510	58.3%	18.3%	12.5%	0.8%	3.9%	6.3%

Click here to go back to RED analysis

Table 2. School Membership by Race/ Ethnicity and School Year (2014-2019) ^b

Year	Geographic Area	Total Count	Hispanic	Asian	American Indian or Alaska Native	Black or African American	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific islander	White	Two or More Races
2014-	Douglas	95,226	<mark>21.69%</mark>	4.39%	0.73%	<mark>15.66%</mark>	0.16%	52.88%	<mark>4.48%</mark>
2015	Nebraska	312,281	17.74%	2.43%	1.42%	6.70%	0.13%	68.20%	3.38%
2015-	Douglas	96,413	22.03%	4.75%	0.68%	<mark>15.44%</mark>	0.18%	52.32%	<mark>4.60%</mark>
2016	Nebraska	315,542	18.08%	2.53%	1.38%	6.67%	0.14%	67.72%	3.47%
2016-	Douglas	97,656	22.64%	5.05%	0.64%	<mark>15.34%</mark>	0.19%	51.41%	<mark>4.73%</mark>
2017	Nebraska	318,853	18.61%	2.66%	1.38%	6.69%	0.15%	66.92%	3.59%
2017-	Douglas	99,303	23.00%	5.41%	0.60%	<mark>15.17%</mark>	0.18%	50.76%	<mark>4.89%</mark>
2018	Nebraska	323,391	18.80%	2.76%	1.35%	6.67%	0.14%	66.50%	3.78%
2018-	Douglas	100,404	23.48%	5.64%	0.58%	<mark>14.90%</mark>	0.18%	50.25%	<mark>4.96%</mark>
2019	Nebraska	325,984	19.13%	2.83%	1.33%	6.63%	0.15%	66.02%	3.91%





Table 3.
Chronic Absenteeism by Race/Ethnicity and School Year^b

Year	Geographic Area	Total Youth with Chronic Absenteeism	Hispanic	Asian	American Indian or Alaska Native	Black or African American	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific	White	Two or More Races
2014-	Douglas	13,878	27.13%	2.69%	1.97%	<mark>26.81%</mark>	islander 0.25%	35.24%	<mark>5.91%</mark>
2015	Nebraska	35,638	24.54%	1.64%	4.42%	12.93%	0.19%	51.61%	4.68%
2015-	Douglas	15,488	28.97%	2.37%	1.68%	27.20%	0.37%	33.61%	5.81%
2016	Nebraska	38,812	25.73%	1.55%	4.27%	13.68%	0.27%	49.68%	4.83%
2016-	Douglas	17,486	<mark>29.89%</mark>	2.68%	1.58%	<mark>27.71%</mark>	0.35%	32.07%	<mark>5.71%</mark>
2017	Nebraska	42,290	26.90%	1.66%	4.40%	14.22%	0.24%	47.66%	4.92%
2017-	Douglas	19,294	<mark>30.48%</mark>	3.00%	1.38%	<mark>27.75%</mark>	0.25%	31.08%	6 <mark>.06%</mark>
2018	Nebraska	46,365	26.81%	1.77%	4.18%	14.49%	0.22%	47.37%	5.15%
2018-	Douglas	19,424	<mark>31.31%</mark>	3.04%	1.33%	28.07%	0.29%	29.95%	6.02%
2019	Nebraska	46,356	27.64%	1.76%	4.16%	14.71%	0.23%	46.27%	5.23%

Table 4. Disabilities, English Proficiency, Eligibility for Free/Reduced Lunch and School Year (2014 – 2019) ^b

Year	Geographic Area	Total Count	IDEA	504 Plan	Limited English Proficiency	Free/Reduced Lunch
2014-	Douglas	95,226	13.84%	0.42%	<mark>8.96%</mark>	<mark>49.32%</mark>
2015	Nebraska	312,281	13.66%	0.76%	<mark>5.97%</mark>	<mark>44.53%</mark>
2015-	Douglas	96,413	13.92%	0.54%	<mark>8.60%</mark>	<mark>49.46%</mark>
2016	Nebraska	315,542	13.64%	0.90%	<mark>5.90%</mark>	<mark>44.23%</mark>
2016-	Douglas	97,656	14.02%	0.60%	<mark>10.46%</mark>	<mark>47.93%</mark>
2017	Nebraska	318,853	13.80%	0.93%	<mark>6.99%</mark>	<mark>44.76%</mark>
2017-	Douglas	99,303	15.81%	0.62%	<mark>9.73%</mark>	<mark>51.15%</mark>
2018	Nebraska	323,391	15.87%	0.88%	<mark>6.59%</mark>	<mark>46.24%</mark>
2018-	Douglas	100,404	15.98%	0.32%	<mark>10.40%</mark>	48.23%
2019	Nebraska	325,984	16.13%	0.85%	<mark>6.78%</mark>	<mark>45.42%</mark>

Table 5.

Nebraska Public High School 4-Year Graduation Rates by County (5-year estimates, 2015-2019) °

County	Total in Last 5 Years		Yearly Av	Yearly Averages		
	Graduates	Students	Graduates Students		Rate	Rank
Nebraska	100,111	112,857	20,022.2	22,571.4	88.7%	-





Douglas	28,125	32,995	703.1	824.9	85.2%	<mark>89</mark>
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Data are only for public school districts and their associated high schools. The figures are aggregated based on the location of the school, not the residential location of the student.

Table 6. Youth Who Report Mental Health Symptoms and Substance Use by Grade (2018) ^d

		8 th	10 th	12 th
Douglas	Loss of sleep from worry	16.1%	14.3%	15.0%
Nebraska		18.0%	20.6%	21.6%
Douglas	Depressed	29.2%	30.7%	34.4%
Nebraska		31.1%	34.8%	35.3%
Douglas	Considered/Attempted suicide	14.4%	15.8%	12.0%
Nebraska		22.9%	18.2%	16.2%
Douglas	Current alcohol	10.9%	19.4%	<mark>41.8%</mark>
Nebraska		9.8%	20.1%	<mark>34.2%</mark>
Douglas	Current binge drinking	1.1%	4.7%	<mark>17.9%</mark>
Nebraska		1.3%	6.2%	<mark>15.0%</mark>
Douglas	Current marijuana	2.7%	8.6%	<mark>19.1%</mark>
Nebraska		3.0%	7.3%	<mark>13.9%</mark>
Douglas	Current tobacco	2.8%	4.7%	8.9%
Nebraska		3.7%	8.0%	15.3%
Douglas	Current vaping	13.4%	26.4%	<mark>40.4%</mark>
Nebraska		10.4%	24.7%	<mark>37.3%</mark>
Douglas	Hopeful for future (past week)	75.7%	79.4%	78.5%
Nebraska		72.1%	74.7%	78.4%

**JJI is currently waiting for the legal team at DHHS to approve providing this data

Table 7.

Juveniles Referred to Services e

Table 8.

Juveniles Referred to Services by Race/Ethnicity, Gender, and Mental Health Diagnosis e

Table 9.

Juveniles Who Utilized Services e

Table 10.





Types of Services Utilized e

Table 11.
Youth Who Report Gang Involvement by Grade (2018) d

		8 th	10 th	12 th
Douglas	Youth Reported Gang Involvement	4.3%	4.6%	4.4%
Nebraska		3.8%	4.4%	3.8%

Table 11b.
Estimated Gang Involvement by Local Law Enforcement

Per Sergeant Jon Waller with Omaha Police Department Gang Intelligence via email on September 11, 2020:

Omaha currently has recognized 86 different gangs with 3024 suspected members with 201 of those members being between the ages of 13 and 17. The Police Department is conservative when documenting new gang members and will use the criteria of self-admission before classifying someone as a member. The gangs are made up of all races and ethnicities, and can be diverse, however there are some that are primarily Black, Hispanic, African, or by other ethnic groups. Most of the gang members are male, but female membership is one of the rising demographics – the Police Department has recently hired a female civilian gang specialist to address this issue.

Most of the violent crime in Omaha can be attributed to gang activity, although the gangs are involved in a wide array of crimes, ranging from destruction of property to homicide. The department uses a three-part approach of prevention, intervention, and enforcement, and works closely with community groups that focus on interacting with juveniles between the ages of 10-17.

Table 12.
Arrest Rates for Adults and Juveniles for 2018 and 2019 with Percent Change ^f

Arrestee Age	All Arrestee Ages			Under 18		
Summary Arrest Date	2018 2019 2018 - 2019			2018	2019	2018 - 2019
			Growth %			Growth %
Jurisdiction by Geography			DOUGLAS	COUN	ΓΥ	
Arrest Offense						
Total	21,895	21,896	0.00	<mark>2,746</mark>	<mark>3,131</mark>	<mark>14.02</mark>
Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter	24	20	-16.67	4	1	-75.00
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	1	-	0	0	-
Rape Total	112	115	2.68	26	22	-15.38



Robbery Total	203	263	29.56	82	99	20.73
Aggravated Assault Total	603	617	2.32	36	34	-5.56
Burglary Total	148	173	<mark>16.89</mark>	21	28	33.33
Larceny-Theft Total	3,031	3,111	<mark>2.64</mark>	656	788	<mark>20.12</mark>
Motor Vehicle Theft Total	194	213	<mark>9.79</mark>	45	75	<mark>66.67</mark>
Other Assaults	3,661	3,844	<mark>5.00</mark>	526	656	<mark>24.71</mark>
Arson	40	33	-17.50	14	13	-7.14
Forgery and Counterfeiting	105	76	-27.62	5	1	-80.00
Fraud	517	504	<mark>-2.51</mark>	25	32	<mark>28.00</mark>
Embezzlement	24	18	-25.00	1	2	100.00
Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing	515	451	-12.43	65	78	20.00
Vandalism	808	832	2.97	148	182	22.97
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	467	551	<mark>17.99</mark>	51	75	<mark>47.06</mark>
Prostitution	3	11	266.67	0	0	-
Assisting or Promoting Prostitution	6	1	-83.33	0	0	-
Prostitution Total for Summary	41	31	-24.39	0	0	-
Sex Offenses (Except Rape and Prostitution)	175	181	3.43	32	29	-9.38
Drug Violations - Sale/Manufacturing	709	677	-4.51	31	34	9.68
Drug Violations - Possession	2,625	2,200	<mark>-16.19</mark>	286	259	<mark>-9.44</mark>
NIBRS Unable to Classify	-	1	-			-
Gambling	0	3	-	0	0	-
All Other Gambling	0	3	-	0	0	-
Offenses Against Family and Children	347	379	9.22	4	1	-75.00
Driving Under the Influence	1,985	1,962	<mark>-1.16</mark>	22	15	<mark>-31.82</mark>
Liquor Laws	438	397	<mark>-9.36</mark>	102	60	<mark>-41.18</mark>
Disorderly Conduct	1,006	1,104	9.74	201	222	10.45
Vagrancy	6	9	50.00	0	0	-
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	4,063	4,084	0.52	325	397	22.15
Curfew and Loitering Law Violations	39	30	-23.08	38	28	-26.32
Human Trafficking/Commercial Sex Acts	0	1	-	0	0	-



Table 13. Risk Assessment Domains for Youth Assessed on Diversion (2017-2019) ^g

	Douglas (2017-2019)		All YLS C	ounties (2015-2017)
Score	М	SD	M	SD
Family Circumstance/Parenting	1.28	1.48	1.20	1.32
Education/Employment	<mark>1.63</mark>	1.49	1.27	1.35
Peer Relationships	<mark>1.72</mark>	1.17	1.78	1.08
Substance Use	1.15	1.43	1.29	1.40
Leisure/Recreation	0.90	0.97	0.88	0.95
Personality/Behavior	<mark>1.62</mark>	1.62	1.34	1.52
Attitudes/Orientation	0.51	0.90	0.45	0.79
Mean Score	M = 8.80, $SD = 6.42$, 0-31 $M = 8.23$, $SD = 5.22$, 0-			3, <i>SD</i> = 5.22, 0-31

Douglas County n = 2514; Statewide n = 2124

Table 13b.

Risk Assessment Domains for Youth Assessed on Diversion (2017 - 2019) by Sex ^g

	Female	Male
Family Circumstance/Parenting	1.28	1.29
Education/Employment ***	1.49	<mark>1.72</mark>
Peer Relationships	1.68	1.75
Substance Use ***	<mark>.98</mark>	<mark>1.26</mark>
Leisure/Recreation	.90	.90
Personality/Behavior	1.59	1.64
Attitudes/Orientation ***	<mark>.43</mark>	<mark>.57</mark>
Total YLS Score	8.32	9.12

Note. ANOVA for sex indicated Education/Employment, Substance Use, and Attitudes/Orientation were greater issues for males than females. *** p <.001

Table 13c. Risk Assessment Domains for Youth Assessed on Diversion (2017 - 2019) by Race/Ethnicity ^g

	Black	Asian	Hispanic	Other/Multiple	White ^a
Family Circumstance/Parenting***	1.37*	1.39	<mark>1.61*</mark>	1.20	1.09
Education/Employment ***	<mark>1.97*</mark>	1.06	1.91*	<mark>1.88*</mark>	1.24
Peer Relationships **	1.68	1.67	1.89*	1.87	1.66
Substance Use ***	<mark>0.94*</mark>	<mark>0.78*</mark>	1.22	<mark>1.00*</mark>	1.33
Leisure/Recreation ***	0.91*	0.59	1.33*	<mark>1.01*</mark>	0.72
Personality/Behavior ***	1.77*	1.27	1.79*	<mark>1.87*</mark>	1.43
Attitudes/Orientation ***	0.61*	0.45	0.56*	0.53	0.42
Total YLS Score ***	9.24*	7.17	10.33*	9.27*	7.88

Note. ANOVA for race/ethnicity indicated significant differences by race/ethnicity on YLS total score and all YLS domains (except Prior Offenses, which is not reported).*** p<.001 ** p<.01

^a White youth were the comparison group and a * indicates that group was statistically different from White youth

Table 14. Racial and Ethnic Disparities Descriptives (2015-2019)

Click here to see Census and School Population Data

See Appendix for yearly data

System Point	N	Amer. Indian/ Alaskan Native	Asian/ Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic/ Latino	Multiple/ Other	Unspec/ Missing	White
Law enforcement contact								
Youth taken to temporary custody								
Youth issued citation/referral	14,309*							
Youth referred to diversion	6157	1.0%	1.8%	36.2%	19.7%	0.8%	0.1%	40.4%
Youth enrolled in diversion	3683	1.0%	1.7%	34.6%	19.7%	0.7%	0.1%	42.2%
Successful completion diversion	2952	0.8%	1.7%	32.1%	18.1%	0.9%	0.1%	46.3%
Crossover Youth referred to diversion	743	2.6%	1.6%	51.3%	11.8%	4.3%	0.0%	28.4%
Crossover Youth enrolled in diversion	163	3.1%	1.2%	47.9%	16.0%	5.5%	0.0%	26.4%
Crossover Youth Successful completion diversion	85	5.9%	2.4%	41.2%	14.1%	4.7%	0.0%	31.8%
Youth with multiple charges	649	0.8%	0.9%	<mark>46.5%</mark>	17.4%	0%	7.60%	26.8%
Filed on in adult court	459	1.3%	0.7%	53.8%	<mark>24.4%</mark>	0%	2%	17.9%
RAI Override: More Severe	1281	3.7%	1.2%	<mark>53.9%</mark>	17.8%	0.5%	0%	22.9%



RAI Override: Less Severe	475	1.9%	1.3%	<mark>52.0%</mark>	20.8%	1.3%	0%	22.7%
Probation intake	3829	3.1%	1.4%	<mark>52.5%</mark>	20.6%	0.9%	0%	21.5%
Successful probation	3284	2.3%	1.4%	<mark>42.2%</mark>	<mark>24.4%</mark>	2.1%	0%	27.6%
Revocation of probation	1133	4.9%	1.1%	<mark>51.4%</mark>	21.7%	1.3%	0%	19.5%
Youth in OJS custody								
OJS custody: placed in detention								
Youth booked into detention								
Youth booked into detention more than once								

^{*}Waterloo PD did not report to NCC 2015 - 2018



Family Level

- The rate of children <18 in poverty is slightly higher for the county than the state average rate. The rate of technology and computers in the home is slightly lower than the state average. The proportion of renters and homes without a vehicle is slightly higher than the state average.
- Youth in all grades report having a supportive adult at home at a rate similar to the state; but 8th graders report not having a supportive adult at school.

Table 15.
Poverty/SES, Educational Attainment, Technology and Computers in Home, Housing, and Transportation (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) ^a

Measurement		Douglas	Nebraska
Poverty/SES	Children <18 in Poverty	<mark>17.2%</mark>	<mark>14.8%</mark>
-	Number of children 12-	13,877	43,814
	17 below 185% poverty		
	Percent of children 12-	<mark>31.6%</mark>	<mark>28.9%</mark>
	17 below 185% poverty		
Educational attainment	Age 25+ with B.D.	38.9%	31.3%
	County Rank	2	=
	Age 25+ with some	22.1%	23.0%
	college, no degree		
	County Rank	74	-
	Age 25+ with HS degree	90.0%	91.1%
	County Rank	69	-
Technology and computers in the home	% under 18 with a	<mark>94.9%</mark>	<mark>96.9%</mark>
	computer at home		
	County Rank	80	-
	% under 18 with an	89.5%	91.0%
	internet subscription at		
	home		
	County Rank	58	-
	% under 18 with	89.3%	90.8%
	broadband internet		
	access at home		
	County Rank	57	-





Housing	Owner-occupied households	132,654	498,567
	Total households	215,787	754,063
	Owner %	61.5%	66.1%
	Renters	83,133	255,496
	Renter %	<mark>38.5%</mark>	<mark>33.9%</mark>
Transportation	Households with no vehicle available	15,437	40,465
	Total households	215,787	754,063
	No vehicle %	<mark>7.2%</mark>	<mark>5.4%</mark>

Table 16. Youth Who Report Supportive Adults by Grade (2018) ^d

		8 th	10 th	12 th
Douglas	Adult at home who listens	87.6%	87.3%	87.3%
Nebraska		87.3%	85.0%	85.6%
Douglas	Adult at school who listens	<mark>77.6%</mark>	88.6%	89.8%
Nebraska		<mark>85.2%</mark>	85.0%	87.4%

Table 17.

Domestic Violence Reports and Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means ^h

	Aggravated Domestic Assaults Reported	Aggravated Domestic Assaults Cleared by Arrest	Simple Domestic Assaults Reported	Simple Domestics Assaults Cleared by Arrest or
	'	or Exceptional Means		Exceptional Means
Douglas	7	7	138	129
Nebraska	562	402	2512	2019

Table 18. Child Abuse and Neglect Reports ⁱ

	Abuse/Neglect Calls	Reports Assessed	Substantiated	Unfounded
Douglas	13,303	34%	17%	68%
Nebraska	36,480	33.4%	16.0%	68.3%



Community Level

- The county comprises of most of the arrests for violent crime in the state especially robberies.
- Youth report that people in their community find marijuana, alcohol, and cigarettes wrong or very wrong at a higher rate than the state averages.
- Juvenile record sealing is not "automatic" even if statute requires it to seal. Sealing a record
 requires administrative staff to initiate the process. Dismissed or dropped cases should be
 sealed at a rate of 100%. All others should be sealed at the rate to which youth successfully
 complete their court requirements (completion of diversion, probation, restorative practice, or
 other treatment). Yearly data is available in the Appendix to see if the rate has improved
 because of legislation, but newer cases should naturally have lower rates of sealing than older
 cases.
- There are higher levels of missing data at the court level. Data for race and ethnicity at each juvenile justice system point is imperative for an accurate Racial and Ethnic Disparities (RED) analysis.

Table 19. Community Violence Measured by Arrests for Violent Crime (2019) ^j

	Do	Nebraska	
Type of Violence	n	% within state	
Murder and Nonnegligent manslaughter	20	58.8%	34
Rape	115	43.6%	264
Robbery	263	<mark>71.7%</mark>	367
Aggravated Assault	617	37.6%	1,639
Other Assaults	3,844	43.8%	8,782

Table 20. Youth Perceptions of Community Attitudes on Substance Use by Grade (2018) ^d

		8 th	10 th	12 th
Douglas	Wrong/very wrong – Marijuana	93.6%	88.8%	83.6%
Nebraska		94.4%	89.8%	85.2%
Douglas	Wrong/very wrong – alcohol	89.7%	83.5%	71.9%
Nebraska		89.1%	80.4%	68.7%
Douglas	Wrong/very wrong – cigarettes	92.7%	90.9%	84.7%
Nebraska		92.9%	89.0%	78.7%





Table 21.

Juvenile Court Record Sealing Analysis (2015 – 2019) ^m

see Appendix for yearly data

	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	6202	7363	<mark>84.2%</mark>
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ			
Filed in Juv. Court	5008	9309	53.8%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	792	1084	73.1%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to	61	230	26.5%
Juv. Court			
Total			

^{*}Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. Many cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

Policy, Legal and System Level

- This county is required under statute to provide an attorney when a youth is filed on in court, but the rate from 2018 appears to still have from 20-40% of youth without access to counsel.
- Curfew filings do not appear to be an issue in the county.
- Truancy court filings peaked in 2017 but appear to have decreased since that time. This county comprises of about 20% of the Truancy filings.
- Diversion practices and procedures are consistent with evidence-based practices. It is not clear
 why all first-time offenders are not referred to diversion but perhaps this is due to the ineligible
 offenses.

Table 22. Percent of Youth in Juvenile Court Who Had Access to Counsel (2018) ⁿ

	Douglas	Nebraska
Access to Counsel	<mark>60.0% 79.9%</mark>	73.5%

Neb. Rev. 43-272. Right to counsel; appointment; payment; guardian ad litem; appointment; when; duties; standards for guardians ad litem; standards for attorneys who practice in juvenile court.

(1)(a) In counties having a population of less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, when any juvenile shall be brought without counsel before a juvenile court, the court shall advise such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian of their right to retain counsel and shall inquire of such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian as to whether they desire to retain counsel.

(b) In counties having a population of one hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants, when any juvenile court petition is filed alleging jurisdiction of a juvenile pursuant to subdivision (1), (2), (3)(b), or (4) of section $\underline{43-247}$, counsel shall be appointed for such juvenile.

Table 23. Frequency of Youth with a Curfew Violation (2015 – 2019) $^{\rm m}$

	Douglas	Nebraska
Curfew Court Filing	3	352



Table 24. Court Filing for 3A, 3B, and 3C cases $(2015 - 2019)^{m}$

	Douglas					
Filed Subtype	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total
3A- Homeless/Neglect	0	0	0	0	0	0
3B – Absenteeism/Truancy	<mark>28</mark>	<mark>153</mark>	<mark>209</mark>	<mark>150</mark>	<mark>138</mark>	<mark>678</mark>
3B - Uncontrollable	2	1	0	0	0	3
3C – Mentally III and Dangerous	0	0	0	0	0	0

	Nebraska					
Filed Subtype	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total
3A- Homeless/Neglect	0	2	0	2	3	7
3B – Absenteeism/Truancy	<mark>96</mark>	<mark>510</mark>	<mark>493</mark>	<mark>423</mark>	<mark>475</mark>	<mark>1997</mark>
3B - Uncontrollable	47	118	125	119	82	491
3C – Mentally III and Dangerous	22	48	37	22	23	306

Table 25.
County Diversion Procedures and Protocols Compared to Statewide Responses (2020) °

	Douglas	Nebraska *
Refer ALL juveniles who are first	No	Yes: 27.3%
time offenders to diversion		No: 63.6%
		Not sure: 9.1%
File a juvenile's charges at the	No	Yes: 18.2%
time of the referral to diversion		No: 70.5%
		Not sure: 11.4%
File a juvenile's charges if they are	Sometimes	Always: 47.7%
unsuccessful on diversion		Sometimes: 47.7%
		Not sure: 4.5%
Allow a juvenile to complete	Yes	Yes: 61.4%
diversion more than once		No: 34.1%
		Not sure: 4.5%
Charges/offenses that make a	Yes; sexual assault (exceptions	Yes: 86.4%
juvenile ineligible for diversion	on a limited basis)	No: 9.1%
		Not sure: 4.5%
Warning letters instead of	Yes	Yes: 27.3%
intervention		No: 61.4%
		Not sure: 11.4%
Currently drug test	No	Yes: 31.8%
		No: 65.9%
		Not sure: 2.3%





Fees beyond restitution	No	Yes: 86.4%
		No: 13.6%
		Not sure: 0.0%
Use of graduated responses prior	Yes; if failure to comply with	Yes: 47.7%
to discharge	services then may get amended	No: 25.0%
	case plan	Not sure: 27.3%
Sealing diversion records	Yes; warning letters and successfully completed are sealed. Once agreed by the county attorney, a notification is automatically sent from case management system to seal. Staff periodically also check to see if any eligible charges were overlooked.	Yes: 59.1% No: 22.7% Not sure: 18.2%

^{*}responses included 44 juvenile diversion programs; representing 68 counties/tribe (91.9% response rate)

Community Team Level

- A community lead should be able to get roughly a 75% response, to ensure active participation
 on planning issues. The community team in this county was undergoing some changes at the
 time of the survey, which likely affected the response rate from 2020.
- Of those that responded, the collective impact domains were lower than the state but appeared to improve from 2019 to 2020 (but again, with the lower response rate, please use this information with caution). It appears that shared measurement has been the consistently lowest domain in the county.
- The community team should be representative of the population of that community but should also include diverse populations. Although the response rate was low, of those that responded, the team could benefit from additional Hispanic members to match the population of the county.
- There is good representation of persons formerly involved in the system and other system points.
- About 25% of those who responded did not feel heard, which is similar to community teams across the state.

Table 26.
Collective Impact Survey Response Rates ^p

	Douglas		Nebr	aska
Year of survey	2019	2020	2019	2020
Number of surveys sent	15	439	1407	780
Number of completed surveys	8	38	221	345
Response rate	<mark>53.3%</mark>	<mark>8.7%</mark>	28.3%	24.5%

Table 27.
Collective Impact Survey Scores ^p

	Dougla	S	Nebra	aska
Year of survey	2019	2020	2019	2020
	Mean Sc	ore	Mean	Score
Common agenda	4.05	<mark>5.34</mark>	5.29	<mark>5.69</mark>
Mutually reinforcing	4.94	<mark>4.94</mark>	5.37	<mark>5.50</mark>
Shared measurement	4.25	<mark>4.97</mark>	5.21	<mark>5.45</mark>

Continuous communication	4.78	<mark>5.14</mark>	5.49	<mark>5.55</mark>
Backbone agency	5.17	5.09	5.52	<mark>5.78</mark>

The five elements of Collective Impact are:

- **Common agenda:** Participants have a shared vision and common understanding of both the problem and potential solutions to that problem.
- Mutually reinforcing activities: Participant activities must be differentiated while still being coordinated through a mutually reinforcing plan of action.
- **Shared measurement:** Collecting data and measuring results consistently across all participants ensures efforts remain aligned and participants hold each other accountable.
- **Continuous communication:** Consistent and open communication is needed across stakeholders to build trust, assure mutual objectives, and create common motivation.
- Backbone support: Creating and managing Collective Impact often requires a separate organization(s) with staff and a specific set of skills to serve as the backbone for the entire initiative and to coordinate participating organizations ^q

Table 28.
Community Planning Team Diversity P

	Douglas		Neb	raska
	N = 38	(%)	N = 345	(%)
Gender				
Male	12	31.6%	101	29.3%
Female	22	57.9%	229	66.4%
Missing	4	10.5%	15	4.3%
Age				
Under 30	1	2.6%	19	5.6%
30-39	6	15.8%	68	19.6%
40-49	11	28.9%	88	25.4%
50-59	8	21.0%	90	25.8%
60 and over	5	13.0%	44	13%
Missing	7	18.4%	36	10.4%
Race/Ethnicity				
White	15	39.5%	230	66.7%
Black	5	13.2%	10	2.9%
Hispanic	1	2.6%	13	3.8%
Native American	1	2.6%	6	1.7%
Asian		<mark></mark>	1	0.3%





Other	3	7.9%	2	0.6%
Provided town name	8	21.1%	63	18.3%
Missing	5	13.2%	19	5.5%
Previous System Involvement				
Yes	11	28.9%	98	28.4%
No	24	63.2%	242	70.1%
Missing	3	7.9%	5	1.4%
System Point *				
Law enforcement	2	3.7%	34	7.8%
County attorney/ juvenile court	2	3.7%	32	7.3%
K-12 or secondary education	5	9.3%	65	14.9%
Ministry/faith based	1	1.9%	10	2.3%
Diversion	7	13.0%	55	12.6%
Probation	4	7.4%	31	7.1%
Public defender/ defense counsel/ guardian ad litem	2	3.7%	8	1.8%
DHHS or Child Welfare	1	1.9%	13	3.0%
Treatment provider	3	5.6%	40	9.2%
Post adjudication or detention	2	3.7%	8	1.8%
Community based program	20	37.0%	109	25.0%
Elected official or government	1	1.9%	6	1.4%
Restorative practices			6	1.4%
Backbone or system improvement	1	1.9%	3	0.7%
Other			16	3.7%
Voice on Team				
Feel heard	29	76.3%	270	78.3%
Do not feel heard		10.070	210	. 0.0 / 0

^{*}note. Team members could have selected more than one system point; as such, they do not add up to 100%

References and Resources

- ^a **Population data:** Table B01001 race series, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020
- ^a **Youth employment:** Table B23001, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020
- ^a **Poverty/SES:** Table B10724, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020
- ^a **Technology in household:** Table B28005, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20
- ^a **Home owner/transportation:** Table B25045, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20
- ^a **Education attainment:** Table B15002, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020
- ^b School membership, chronic absenteeism, student disability, and free/reduced lunch: Prepared by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education
- ^c **Graduation rates:** Special Tabulation by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 7-24-2020
- ^d Mental health, Substance use, gang, and community perceptions of substance use: Bureau of Sociological Research, Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey: https://bosr.unl.edu/current-nrpfss-county-level-data
- e Referral to and utilization of services: Department of Health and Human Services
- ^f **Adult and juvenile arrests:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics: https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx
 ^g Diversion programs
- h Domestic violence: Nebraska Crime Commission, Domestic Assault:
 https://ncc.nebraska.gov/sites/ncc.nebraska.gov/files/doc/2019%20Domestic%20Assault%20and%20Arrest%2
 Oby%20County 0.pdf

¹Child abuse and neglect

^j **Community violence:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics: https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx

^k Distance to detention facility: Google Maps

¹Racial and ethnic disparities: Prepared by Mitch Herian, University of Nebraska-Lincoln with data provided by:



Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics:



https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx

Nebraska Crime Commission, Juvenile Case Management System Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE Nebraska Judicial Branch, Juvenile Services Division

- ^m Court Filings and Juvenile Record Sealing: Data provided by the Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute on 9-1-20
- ⁿ **Access to Counsel:** Kids County in Nebraska Report, Voices for Children, retrieved from: www.voicesforchildren.com/kidscount. Data originally from Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE
- ^o **Diversion procedures and protocols:** Diversion survey distributed to Juvenile Diversion programs, 2020. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute
- ^p **Collective impact:** Collective impact surveys distributed to Community Planning Teams, 2019 and 2020. Prepared by: Anne Hobbs and Erin Wasserburger, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute
- ^q Collective Impact Elements: Kania, J., & Kramer, M. (2011). Collective Impact. *Stanford Social Innovation Review*.





Appendix: RED Descriptives

Click to go back to RED Summary Data

System Point	N	Amer. Indian/ Alaskan Native	Asian/ Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic/ Latino	Multiple/ Other	Unspec/ Missing	White
Law enforcement contact		1			1			
Youth taken to temporary custody								
Youth issued citation/referral	2870*	-						
Youth referred to diversion	1206	0.8%	1.1%	33.6%	18.7%	0.3%	0.2%	45.3%
Youth enrolled in diversion	809	1.2%	1.0%	30.8%	19.5%	0.4%	0.1%	47.0%
Successful completion diversion	654	0.9%	1.1%	28.9%	17.0%	0.5%	0.2%	51.5%
Crossover Youth referred to diversion	127	3.9%	0.0%	58.3%	7.1%	6.3%	0.0%	24.4%
Crossover Youth enrolled in diversion	26	3.8%	0.0%	53.8%	15.4%	3.8%	0.0%	23.1%
Crossover Youth Successful completion diversion	18	5.6%	0.0%	50.0%	16.7%	0.0%	0.0%	27.8%
Youth with multiple charges	53	0%	0%	47.20%	11.30%	0%	9.40%	32.10%
Filed on in adult court	31	0%	0%	58.10%	16.10%	0%	0%	25.80%
RAI Override: More Severe	371	4.90%	0.30%	60.90%	12.70%	0.50%	0%	20.80%
RAI Override: Less Severe	100	2%	4%	49%	19%	0%	0%	26%
Probation intake	821	4.30%	0.70%	60.70%	13.60%	0.20%	0%	20.50%
Successful probation	1031	2%	1.10%	47.90%	22.40%	1.70%	0%	24.80%
Revocation of probation	212	3.80%	0.90%	47.20%	23.60%	2.40%	0%	22.20%

COUNTY NEEDS ASSESSMENT FY 2020-2021

Youth in OJS custody	 	 	 	
OJS custody: placed in detention	 	 	 	
Youth booked into detention	 	 	 	
Youth booked into detention more than once	 	 	 	

^{*}Waterloo PD did not report to NCC 2015 - 2018

System Point	N	Amer. Indian/ Alaskan Native	Asian/ Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic/ Latino	Multiple/ Other	Unspec/ Missing	White
Law enforcement contact		1						
Youth taken to temporary custody		1						
Youth issued citation/referral	2825*							
Youth referred to diversion	1301	0.7%	1.5%	37.2%	18.9%	0.5%	0.1%	41.0%
Youth enrolled in diversion	803	0.4%	1.4%	37.6%	17.6%	0.5%	0.0%	42.6%
Successful completion diversion	632	0.3%	0.9%	34.5%	16.3%	0.5%	0.0%	47.5%
Crossover Youth referred to diversion	140	1.3%	2.0%	51.3%	12.0%	5.3%	0.0%	28.0%
Crossover Youth enrolled in diversion	35	2.9%	0.0%	51.4%	20.0%	8.6%	0.0%	17.1%
Crossover Youth Successful completion diversion	21	4.8%	0.0%	38.1%	19.0%	9.5%	0.0%	28.6%
Youth with multiple charges	137	0%	0.70%	50.40%	9.50%	0%	10.90%	28.50%
Filed on in adult court	68	0%	0%	39.70%	26.50%	0%	2.90%	30.90%
RAI Override: More Severe	319	2.50%	1.30%	55.80%	14.70%	0.60%	0%	25.10%
RAI Override: Less Severe	65	1.50%	0%	56.90%	15.40%	3.10%	0%	23.10%

COUNTY NEEDS ASSESSMENT FY 2020-2021

Probation intake	785	2.20%	1.40%	54%	18.20%	1.10%	0%	23.10%
Successful	636	3.30%	1.90%	40.30%	24.10%	1.70%	0%	28.80%
probation								
Revocation of	279	5%	1.10%	57.30%	15.40%	0.40%	0%	20.80%
probation								
Youth in OJS								
custody								
OJS custody:								
placed in detention								
Youth booked into								
detention								
Youth booked into								
detention more								
than once								

^{*}Waterloo PD did not report to NCC 2015 - 2018

System Point	N	Amer. Indian/ Alaskan Native	Asian/ Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic/ Latino	Multiple/ Other	Unspec/ Missing	White
Law enforcement contact								
Youth taken to temporary custody								
Youth issued citation/referral	2737*							
Youth referred to diversion	1308	1.1%	2.2%	36.5%	18.3%	1.1%	0.2%	40.6%
Youth enrolled in diversion	774	0.9%	2.2%	35.7%	16.5%	0.9%	0.1%	43.7%
Successful completion diversion	603	1.0%	2.5%	32.0%	15.6%	1.2%	0.2%	47.6%
Crossover Youth referred to diversion	149	2.0%	2.0%	52.3%	8.1%	2.7%	0.0%	32.9%
Crossover Youth enrolled in diversion	32	0.0%	6.2%	40.6%	12.5%	3.1%	0.0%	37.5%
Crossover Youth Successful completion diversion	13	0.0%	15.4%	30.8%	7.7%	0.0%	0.0%	46.2%
Youth with multiple charges	174	2.30%	1.10%	42%	21.80%	0%	4.60%	28.20%

COUNTY NEEDS ASSESSMENT FY 2020-2021

Filed on in adult	102	3.90%	2%	57.80%	17.60%	0%	2.90%	15.70%
court								
RAI Override: More	226	3.50%	0.40%	49.10%	23.50%	0.40%	0%	23%
Severe								
RAI Override: Less	91	1.10%	1.10%	52.70%	25.30%	1.10%	0%	18.70%
Severe								
Probation intake	752	3.10%	0.80%	48.40%	24.70%	1.30%	0%	21.70%
Successful	492	0.80%	1%	44.50%	20.50%	1.80%	0%	31.30%
probation								
Revocation of	220	5.50%	0.50%	49.50%	25%	0%	0%	19.50%
probation								
Youth in OJS								
custody								
OJS custody:								
placed in detention								
Youth booked into								
detention								
Youth booked into								
detention more								
than once								

^{*}Waterloo PD did not report to NCC 2015 - 2018

System Point	N	Amer. Indian/ Alaskan Native	Asian/ Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic/ Latino	Multiple/ Other	Unspec/ Missing	White
Law enforcement contact								
Youth taken to temporary custody								
Youth issued citation/referral	2746*							
Youth referred to diversion	1200	1.1%	1.9%	35.2%	20.8%	1.2%	0.1%	39.7%
Youth enrolled in diversion	681	1.2%	1.8%	33.2%	22.5%	1.2%	0.0%	40.2%
Successful completion diversion	417	0.7%	1.4%	31.2%	20.4%	1.4%	0.0%	44.8%
Crossover Youth referred to diversion	150	2.7%	2.7%	49.3%	10.0%	3.3%	0.0%	32.0%
Crossover Youth enrolled in diversion	33	3.0%	0.0%	48.5%	9.1%	9.1%	0.0%	30.3%

Crossover Youth	14	7.1%	0.0%	35.7%	7.1%	14.3%	0.0%	35.7%
Successful								
completion								
diversion								
Youth with multiple	122	0.80%	0.80%	41%	20.50%	0%	9%	27.90%
charges								
Filed on in adult	109	0.90%	0%	50.50%	28.40%	0%	0.90%	19.30%
court								
RAI Override: More	187	4.80%	3.70%	42.20%	24.60%	0.50%	0%	24.10%
Severe								
RAI Override: Less	108	3.70%	0%	44.40%	23.10%	1.90%	0%	26.90%
Severe								
Probation intake	714	3.50%	2.10%	44.40%	27.70%	0.60%	0%	21.70%
Successful	615	3.30%	2%	40.30%	23.90%	3.40%	0%	27.20%
probation								
Revocation of	233	5.60%	0.40%	51.50%	21.50%	2.60%	0%	18.50%
probation								
Youth in OJS								
custody								
OJS custody:								
placed in detention								
Youth booked into								
detention								
Youth booked into								
detention more								
than once								

^{*}Waterloo PD did not report to NCC 2015 - 2018

System Point	N	Amer. Indian/ Alaskan Native	Asian/ Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic/ Latino	Multiple/ Other	Unspec/ Missing	White
Law enforcement contact		1	1			1		
Youth taken to temporary custody		1	1			1		
Youth issued citation/referral	3131*	-1						
Youth referred to diversion	1142	1.3%	2.1%	38.6%	21.8%	0.8%	0.1%	35.3%
Youth enrolled in diversion	616	1.1%	2.3%	36.0%	23.9%	0.8%	0.0%	35.9%
Successful completion diversion	502	1.0%	2.2%	34.1%	21.7%	1.0%	0.0%	40.0%



0)/ //	407	0.00/	4.00/	10.70/	00.40/	4.00/	0.00/	0.4.00/
Crossover Youth referred to diversion	167	3.0%	1.2%	46.7%	20.4%	4.2%	0.0%	24.6%
Crossover Youth enrolled in diversion	37	5.4%	0.0%	45.9%	21.6%	2.7%	0.0%	24.3%
Crossover Youth Successful completion diversion	19	10.5%	0.0%	47.4%	15.8%	0.0%	0.0%	26.3%
Youth with multiple charges	163	0%	1.20%	52.10%	19%	0%	6.10%	21.50%
Filed on in adult court	149	0.70%	0.70%	59.10%	26.80%	0%	2%	10.70%
RAI Override: More Severe	178	2.20%	1.70%	54.50%	19.70%	0%	0%	21.90%
RAI Override: Less Severe	111	0.90%	0.90%	58.60%	19.80%	0.90%	0%	18.90%
Probation intake	757	2.20%	2.10%	53.80%	19.90%	1.20%	0%	20.70%
Successful probation	510	1.60%	1.40%	32.90%	33.10%	2%	0%	29%
Revocation of probation	189	4.80%	3.20%	49.20%	25.40%	1.60%	0%	15.90%
Youth in OJS custody								
OJS custody: placed in detention								
Youth booked into detention								
Youth booked into detention more than once								

^{*}Waterloo PD did not report to NCC 2015 - 2018

Appendix: Sealed Court Records by Year

*Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in JUSTICE. All cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

2015	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	977	1203	<mark>81.2%</mark>
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ			
Filed in Juv. Court	1382	2017	68.5%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	154	248	62.1%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to	11	17	64.7%
Juv. Court			
Total	2535	3610	70.2%

2016	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	1315	1487	<mark>88.4%</mark>
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ			
Filed in Juv. Court	1286	2131	60.3%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	171	229	74.7%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to			
Juv. Court			
Total	2789	4003	69.7%

2017	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	1480	1686	87.8%
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ		-	
Filed in Juv. Court	1292	2216	58.3%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	168	203	82.8%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to	19	45	42.2%
Juv. Court			
Total	2978	4341	68.6%





2018	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	1159	1356	85.5%
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ			
Filed in Juv. Court	695	1527	45.5%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	159	206	77.2%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to			
Juv. Court			
Total	2039	3338	61.1%

2019	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	1271	1631	77.9%
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ			
Filed in Juv. Court	353	1418	24.9%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	140	198	70.7%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to			
Juv. Court			
Total	1792	3592	49.9%