



# Wayne County

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## **Youth Level**

- Hispanic youth are overrepresented in chronic absenteeism in Wayne County compared to school enrollment data.
- While we could not get race/ethnicity data for chronic absenteeism in this community because
  the frequency was too low to report, Native American, and Black youth are over-represented
  statewide in chronic absenteeism.
- Wayne County has a higher number of students with limited English Proficiency when compared to state rates.
  - Wayne County has stayed under the state average of students who qualify for free/reduced lunch until 2018-2019 when the rate went slightly above the state average. It should also be noted that Wayne County has showed a steady increase in the number of youth who qualify for free/reduced lunch.
- Wayne County has almost 95% graduation rate for the last 5 years.
- With regard to youth reported behaviors in the NRPFSS, there was no data available for 12<sup>th</sup> graders.
- 8<sup>th</sup> graders in Wayne County report loss of sleep from worry and feeling depressed at higher rates compared to the state.
- 8<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> graders in Wayne County report current alcohol use at higher rates compared to the state; 8<sup>th</sup> graders also report higher tobacco use compared to the state
- Arrest rates for the under 18 age group went down from 2018-2019 even though the all age group showed a slight increase.
- JI did not have risk assessment scores for diversion from the 2015-2017 assessment evaluation to include. If the county is not using a validated assessment tool, then it should begin doing so (there will be a statewide tool coming in July 2021). If the county does have assessment data in digital format for JJI to analyze, we would be happy to update this table.
- Law enforcement data by race and ethnicity would be very beneficial to have a clearer picture
  of RED. However, compared to census and school data, Black youth are overrepresented in
  diversion, having multiple charges filed, at probation intake, and successfully completing
  probation. Native American youth are overrepresented at probation revocations. Hispanic
  youth are overrepresented at probation RAI overrides and successful probation completion.
  - Court data is missing for both multiple charges and filed on in adult court which may impact the race/ethnicity data at these points.
- Once referred to diversion, Black youth are enrolling at higher rates, but not successfully
  completing diversion at the same rate. Hispanic youth are not enrolling in diversion at the same
  rate they are being referred, but are successfully completing at a higher rate than those
  enrolling.





Table 1.

Distribution of the Population Age 10-17 by Race/Ethnicity and Gender (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) <sup>a</sup>

#### Males

Geographic Area	Total Count	Non-Hispanic White	Hispanic or Latino	Black	American Indian	Asian or Pacific Islander	2+ Races
Nebraska	108,494	70.4%	16.2%	5.7%	1.4%	2.0%	4.4%
Wayne	421	79.3%	15.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4.8%

#### **Females**

Geographic Area	Total Count	Non-Hispanic White	Hispanic or Latino	Black	American Indian	Asian or Pacific Islander	2+ Races
Nebraska	102,658	70.4%	16.2%	5.7%	1.4%	2.0%	4.4%
Wayne	432	84.3%	13.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%

### Click here to go back to RED analysis

Table 2. School Membership by Race/ Ethnicity and School Year (2014-2019) <sup>b</sup>

Year	Geographic Area	Total Count	Hispanic	Asian	American Indian or Alaska Native	Black or African American	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific islander	White	Two or More Races
2014-	Wayne	1,549	20.21%	0.65%	0.97%	2.39%	0.13%	75.40%	0.26%
2015	Nebraska	312,281	17.74%	2.43%	1.42%	6.70%	0.13%	68.20%	3.38%
2015-	Wayne	1,579	22.23%	0.51%	0.70%	2.15%	0.25%	73.46%	0.70%
2016	Nebraska	315,542	18.08%	2.53%	1.38%	6.67%	0.14%	67.72%	3.47%
2016-	Wayne	1,610	22.80%	0.56%	0.75%	1.86%	0.19%	73.04%	0.81%
2017	Nebraska	318,853	18.61%	2.66%	1.38%	6.69%	0.15%	66.92%	3.59%
2017-	Wayne	1,636	24.33%	0.24%	0.55%	1.41%	0.12%	71.82%	1.53%
2018	Nebraska	323,391	18.80%	2.76%	1.35%	6.67%	0.14%	66.50%	3.78%
2018-	Wayne	1,681	25.70%	0.24%	0.59%	1.31%	0.24%	69.90%	2.02%
2019	Nebraska	325,984	19.13%	2.83%	1.33%	6.63%	0.15%	66.02%	3.91%





Table 3.
Chronic Absenteeism by Race/Ethnicity and School Year <sup>b</sup>

Year	Geographic Area	Total Youth with Chronic Absenteeism	Hispanic	Asian	American Indian or Alaska Native	Black or African American	Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific islander	White	Two or More Races
2014-	Wayne	75	34.67%	*	*	*	*	65.33%	*
2015	Nebraska	35,638	<mark>24.54%</mark>	1.64%	4.42%	12.93%	0.19%	51.61%	4.68%
2015-	Wayne	57	<mark>26.32%</mark>	*	*	*	*	73.68%	*
2016	Nebraska	38,812	<mark>25.73%</mark>	1.55%	4.27%	13.68%	0.27%	49.68%	4.83%
2016-	Wayne	70	<mark>47.14%</mark>	*	*	*	*	52.86%	*
2017	Nebraska	42,290	<mark>26.90%</mark>	1.66%	4.40%	14.22%	0.24%	47.66%	4.92%
2017-	Wayne	88	<mark>37.50%</mark>	*	*	*	*	62.50%	*
2018	Nebraska	46,365	<mark>26.81%</mark>	1.77%	4.18%	14.49%	0.22%	47.37%	2389
2018-	Wayne	60	41.67%	*	*	*	*	58.33%	*
2019	Nebraska	46,356	<mark>27.64%</mark>	1.76%	4.16%	14.71%	0.23%	46.27%	5.23%

Per the Nebraska Department of Education, the \* represents masked data, which they define as 10 or fewer students, for the confidentiality of the students

Table 4. Disabilities, English Proficiency, Eligibility for Free/Reduced Lunch and School Year (2014 – 2019) <sup>b</sup>

Year	Geographic Area	Total Count	IDEA	504 Plan	Limited English Proficiency	Free/Reduced Lunch
2014-	Wayne	1,549	9.68%	3.10%	<mark>7.55%</mark>	39.38%
2015	Nebraska	312,281	13.66%	0.76%	<mark>5.97%</mark>	44.53%
2015-	Wayne	1,579	10.32%	3.23%	<mark>8.30%</mark>	40.91%
2016	Nebraska	315,542	13.64%	0.90%	<mark>5.90%</mark>	44.23%
2016-	Wayne	1,610	9.38%	1.30%	<mark>9.63%</mark>	41.74%
2017	Nebraska	318,853	13.80%	0.93%	<mark>6.99%</mark>	44.76%
2017-	Wayne	1,636	11.37%	0.92%	<mark>10.76%</mark>	43.83%
2018	Nebraska	323,391	15.87%	0.88%	<mark>6.59%</mark>	46.24%
2018-	Wayne	1,681	10.23%	*	<mark>10.53%</mark>	<mark>45.51%</mark>
2019	Nebraska	325,984	16.13%	0.85%	<mark>6.78%</mark>	<mark>45.42%</mark>

Per the Nebraska Department of Education, the \* represents masked data, which they define as 10 or fewer students, for the confidentiality of the students

Table 5. Nebraska Public High School 4-Year Graduation Rates by County (5-year estimates, 2015-2019) °

County	Total in Las	st 5 Years	Yearly Av	/erages	Graduation	
	Graduates	Students	Graduates Students		Rate	Rank
Nebraska	100,111	112,857	20,022.2	22,571.4	88.7%	-
Wayne	557	589	37.1	39.3	<mark>94.6%</mark>	40

Data are only for public school districts and their associated high schools. The figures are aggregated based on the location of the school, not the residential location of the student. The figures for Dawes County are impacted by a vocational school where graduation rates are less than 25%; in the rest of the county graduation rates equal 93%.

Table 6. Youth Who Report Mental Health Symptoms and Substance Use by Grade (2018) <sup>d</sup>

		8 <sup>th</sup>	10 <sup>th</sup>	12 <sup>th</sup>
Wayne	Loss of sleep from worry	<mark>20.2%</mark>	15.4%	
Nebraska		<mark>18.0%</mark>	20.6%	21.6%
Wayne	Depressed	<mark>37.3%</mark>	30.8%	
Nebraska		<mark>31.1%</mark>	34.8%	35.3%
Wayne	Considered/Attempted suicide	22.6%	0.0%	1
Nebraska		22.9%	18.2%	16.2%
Wayne	Current alcohol	<mark>16.5%</mark>	<mark>23.1%</mark>	1
Nebraska		<mark>9.8%</mark>	<mark>20.1%</mark>	34.2%
Wayne	Current binge drinking	0.0%	0.0%	1
Nebraska		1.3%	6.2%	15.0%
Wayne	Current marijuana	1.2%	0.0%	1
Nebraska		3.0%	7.3%	13.9%
Wayne	Current tobacco	<mark>6.9%</mark>	0.0%	1
Nebraska		<mark>3.7%</mark>	8.0%	15.3%
Wayne	Current vaping	10.3%	15.4%	-
Nebraska		10.4%	24.7%	37.3%
Wayne	Hopeful for future (past week)	78.2%	92.3%	
Nebraska		72.1%	74.7%	78.4%

## \*\*JJI is currently waiting for the legal team at DHHS to approve providing this data

Table 7.

Juveniles Referred to Services e

Table 8.





Juveniles Referred to Services by Race/Ethnicity, Gender, and Mental Health Diagnosis e

Table 9.

Juveniles Who Utilized Services e

Table 10.

Types of Services Utilized <sup>e</sup>

Table 11. Youth Who Report Gang Involvement by Grade (2018) <sup>d</sup>

		8 <sup>th</sup>	10 <sup>th</sup>	12 <sup>th</sup>
Wayne	Youth Reported Gang Involvement	3.5%	0.0%	-
Nebraska		3.8%	4.4%	3.8%

Table 12. Arrest Rates for Adults and Juveniles for 2018 and 2019 with Percent Change <sup>f</sup>

Arrestee Age		All Arres	stee Ages		Und	der 18	
Summary Arrest Date	2018	2019 2018 - 2019 Growth %		2018	2019	2018 - 2019 Growth %	
Jurisdiction by Geography			WAYNE	COUNT	Υ		
Arrest Offense							
Total	55	58	5.45	8	<mark>2</mark>	-75.00	
Aggravated Assault Total	2	1	-50.00	-	1	-	
Burglary Total	1	1	0.00	-	1	-	
Motor Vehicle Theft Total	-	1	•	-	1	-	
Other Assaults	2	3	50.00	1	1	0.00	
Stolen Property; Buying, Receiving, Possessing	-	2	•	-	0	•	
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	1	ı	-100.00	-	ı	-	
Drug Violations - Sale/Manufacturing	1	-	-100.00	-	-	-	
Drug Violations - Possession	15	9	-40.00	1	-	-100.00	
Driving Under the Influence	6	10	66.67	0	0	-	
Liquor Laws	21	16	-23.81	5	0	-100.00	





All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	6	15	150.00	1	-	-100.00
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Table 13. Risk Assessment Domains for Youth Assessed on Diversion (2015 - 2017) <sup>g</sup>

		Wayne		All NYS Counties			
Score	0	1	2	0	1	2	
Family Circumstance/Parenting				60.1%	26.7%	13.1%	
Education/Employment				43.0%	44.0%	13.1%	
Peer Relationships				44.7%	46.6%	8.6%	
Substance Use				61.4%	30.3%	8.3%	
Leisure/Recreation				50.6%	33.0%	16.5%	
Personality/Behavior				50.1%	39.4%	10.4%	
Attitudes/Orientation				61.3%	33.7%	5.0%	
Mean Score	M =, $SD =$ , $$ $M = 5.64$ , $SD = 3.65$ , (					65, 0-17	

Could not compute because county did not have any risk assessments completed

Table 14. Racial and Ethnic Disparities Descriptives (2015-2019) <sup>1</sup>

### Click here to see Census and School Population Data

\*Data were not separated by year because there were too few cases

System Point	N	Amer. Indian/ Alaskan Native	Asian/ Pacific Islander	Black	Hispanic/ Latino	Multiple/ Other	Unspec/ Missing	White
Law enforcement contact								
Youth taken to temporary custody								
Youth issued citation/referral	15*							
Youth referred to diversion	22	0%	0%	9.10%	<mark>9.10%</mark>	0%	0%	81.80%
Youth enrolled in diversion	19	0%	0%	10.50%	<mark>5.30%</mark>	0%	0%	84.20%



## **EVIDENCE-BASED** NEBRASKA

## **COUNTY NEEDS ASSESSMENT FY 2020-2021**

Successful completion diversion	16	0%	0%	6.20%	<mark>6.20%</mark>	0%	0%	87.50%
Youth with multiple charges	6	0%	0%	<mark>33.30%</mark>	16.70%	0%	33.30%	16.70%
Filed on in adult court	4	0%	0%	0%	25%	0%	<mark>25%</mark>	50%
RAI Override: More Severe	9	0%	0%	0%	<mark>33.30%</mark>	0%	0%	66.70%
RAI Override: Less Severe	0	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Probation intake	18	0%	0%	5.60%	22.20%	5.60%	0%	66.70%
Successful probation	33	0%	0%	<mark>3%</mark>	30.30%	3%	0%	63.60%
Revocation of probation	7	<mark>42.90%</mark>	0%	0%	14.30%	0%	0%	42.90%
Youth in OJS custody								
OJS custody: placed in detention								
Youth booked into detention								
Youth booked into detention more than once								

<sup>\*</sup>Wayne PD did not report to NCC 2015 – 2018





## **Family Level**

- Compared to state data, Wayne County has lower rates of children in poverty.
- Number of adults with bachelor's degrees is higher than the state average
- A large percentage of students have access to internet at home.
- Compared to state data, Wayne County has slightly higher rate of household renters and low rates of household owners; this may be in part to Wayne State College.
- 8<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> graders report feeling supported by adults at home at slightly lower rates than the state; 100% of 10<sup>th</sup> graders who participated in the survey report feeling supported by adults at school.
- 81% of child abuse/neglect calls are unfounded.

Table 15.
Poverty/SES, Educational Attainment, Technology and Computers in Home, Housing, and Transportation (5-year estimates, 2014-2018) <sup>a</sup>

Measurement		Wayne	Nebraska
Poverty/SES	Children <18 in Poverty	6.7%	14.8%
-	Number of children 12-	97	43,814
	17 below 185% poverty		
	Percent of children 12-	16.0%	28.9%
	17 below 185% poverty		
Educational attainment	Age 25+ with B.D.	34.5%	31.3%
	County rank	6	-
	Age 25+ with some	22.5%	23.0%
	college, no degree		
	County rank	66	-
	Age 25+ with HS degree	95.8%	91.1%
	County Rank	7	-
Technology and computers in the home	% under 18 with a	99.8%	96.9%
	computer at home		
	County rank	22	-
	% under 18 with an	96.7%	91.0%
	internet subscription at		
	home		
	County rank	8	-
	% under 18 with	96.0%	90.8%
	broadband internet		
	access at home		





	County Rank	15	-
	-		
Housing	Owner-occupied households	2,346	498,567
	Total households	3,657	754,063
	Owner %	<mark>64.2%</mark>	66.1%
	Renters	1,311	255,496
	Renter %	<mark>35.8%</mark>	33.9%
Transportation	Households with no vehicle available	105	40,465
	Total households	3,657	754,063
	No vehicle %	2.9%	5.4%

Table 16. Youth Who Report Supportive Adults by Grade (2018) <sup>d</sup>

		8 <sup>th</sup>	10 <sup>th</sup>	12 <sup>th</sup>
Wayne	Adult at home who listens	<mark>80.7%</mark>	<mark>84.6%</mark>	-
Nebraska		<mark>87.3%</mark>	<mark>85.0%</mark>	85.6%
Wayne	Adult at school who listens	88.5%	100.0%	-
Nebraska		85.2%	85.0%	87.4%

Table 16. Domestic Violence Reports and Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means <sup>h</sup>

	Aggravated Domestic Assaults Reported	Aggravated Domestic Assaults Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means	Simple Domestic Assaults Reported	Simple Domestics Assaults Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means
Wayne	1	1	2	1
Nebraska	562	402	2512	2019

Table 17. Child Abuse and Neglect Reports <sup>i</sup>

	Abuse/Neglect Calls	Reports Assessed	Substantiated	Unfounded
Wayne	98	38%	11%	<mark>81%</mark>
Nebraska	36,480	33.4%	16.0%	68.3%



# Community Level

- With regard to how the youth perceive the community attitudes on substance use, 10<sup>th</sup> graders report lower rates regarding alcohol than the state average, both 8<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> graders report lower rates for cigarettes.
- Juvenile record sealing is not "automatic" even if statute requires it to seal. Sealing a record
  requires administrative staff to initiate the process. Dismissed or dropped cases should be
  sealed at a rate of 100%. All others should be sealed at the rate to which youth successfully
  complete their court requirements (completion of diversion, probation, restorative practice, or
  other treatment).
- There are high rates of missing race/ethnicity data at the trial court (JUSTICE) and older diversion data. Data for race and ethnicity at each juvenile justice system point is imperative for an accurate Racial and Ethnic Disparities (RED) analysis.

Table 19.
Community Violence Measured by Arrests for Violent Crime (2019) <sup>j</sup>

Type of Violence	Wayne	Nebraska
Murder and Nonnegligent manslaughter	0	34
Rape	0	264
Robbery	0	367
Aggravated Assault	1	1,639
Other Assaults	3	8,782

Table 20. Youth Perceptions of Community Attitudes on Substance Use by Grade (2018) <sup>d</sup>

		8 <sup>th</sup>	10 <sup>th</sup>	12 <sup>th</sup>
Wayne	Wrong/very wrong – Marijuana	94.3%	92.3%	
Nebraska		94.4%	89.8%	85.2%
Wayne	Wrong/very wrong – alcohol	92.0%	<mark>53.8%</mark>	
Nebraska		89.1%	<mark>80.4%</mark>	68.7%
Wayne	Wrong/very wrong – cigarettes	<mark>90.7%</mark>	<mark>84.6%</mark>	
Nebraska		92.9%	<mark>89.0%</mark>	78.7%





Table 21.

Juvenile Court Record Sealing Analysis (2015 – 2019) <sup>m</sup>

### see Appendix for yearly data

	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	13	28	<mark>46.4%</mark>
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ		-	
Filed in Juv. Court	55	205	26.8%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	8	10	80.0%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to Juv. Court			
Total	76	247	30.8%

<sup>\*</sup>Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. All cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

# Policy, Legal and System Level

- This county is not a county required to provide counsel under statute; notably, access to counsel is lower than the state average in this community.
- There are few 3A, 3B uncontrollable, and 3C filings in court so the community is diverting appropriately.
- With respect to diversion practices, the community may want to consider a few things:
  - o Not filing all unsuccessful cases, if the youth completed most of the diversion plan
  - o Allowing warning letters for the lowest risk youth
  - Comparing diversion fees to court costs so they are comparable. With a higher proportion of children <18 in poverty, perhaps offering scholarships</li>
  - o If drug testing is needed, it should only be used on cases where the youth demonstrates a substance use issue.

Table 22. Percent of Youth in Juvenile Court Who Had Access to Counsel (2018) <sup>n</sup>

	Wayne	Nebraska
Access to Counsel	<mark>40.0% 59.9%</mark>	73.5%

<u>Neb. Rev. 43-272</u>. Right to counsel; appointment; payment; guardian ad litem; appointment; when; duties; standards for guardians ad litem; standards for attorneys who practice in juvenile court.

(1)(a) In counties having a population of less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, when any juvenile shall be brought without counsel before a juvenile court, the court shall advise such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian of their right to retain counsel and shall inquire of such juvenile and his or her parent or guardian as to whether they desire to retain counsel

(b) In counties having a population of one hundred fifty thousand or more inhabitants, when any juvenile court petition is filed alleging jurisdiction of a juvenile pursuant to subdivision (1), (2), (3)(b), or (4) of section 43-247, counsel shall be appointed for such juvenile.

Table 23.

Frequency of Youth with a Curfew Violation (2015 – 2019) <sup>m</sup>

	Wayne	Nebraska
Curfew Court Filing	0	352

Table 24. Court Filing for 3A, 3B, and 3C cases  $(2015 - 2019)^{m}$ 

	Wayne					
Filed Subtype	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total
3A- Homeless/Neglect	0	0	0	0	0	0
3B – Absenteeism/Truancy	0	0	3	1	1	5
3B - Uncontrollable	0	0	0	0	1	1
3C – Mentally III and Dangerous	0	0	0	0	1	1

		Nebraska					
Filed Subtype	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Total	
3A- Homeless/Neglect	0	2	0	2	3	7	
3B – Absenteeism/Truancy	96	510	493	423	475	1997	
3B - Uncontrollable	47	118	125	119	82	491	
3C – Mentally III and Dangerous	22	48	37	22	23	306	

Table 25. County Diversion Procedures and Protocols Compared to Statewide Responses (2020)  $^\circ$ 

	Wayne	Nebraska *
Refer ALL juveniles who are first	Yes	Yes: 27.3%
time offenders to diversion		No: 63.6%
		Not sure: 9.1%
File a juvenile's charges at the	No	Yes: 18.2%
time of the referral to diversion		No: 70.5%
		Not sure: 11.4%
File a juvenile's charges if they are	Always	Always: 47.7%
unsuccessful on diversion		Sometimes: 47.7%
		Not sure: 4.5%
Allow a juvenile to complete	Yes	Yes: 61.4%
diversion more than once		No: 34.1%
		Not sure: 4.5%
Charges/offenses that make a	Yes; Homicide, 1st Degree Sexual	Yes: 86.4%
juvenile ineligible for diversion	Assault, Armed Robbery	No: 9.1%
		Not sure: 4.5%





Warning letters instead of intervention	No	Yes: 27.3% No: 61.4% Not sure: 11.4%
Commonath order on to at	W <sub>a</sub> -	
Currently drug test	Yes	Yes: 31.8%
		No: 65.9%
		Not sure: 2.3%
Fees beyond restitution	Yes; \$100	Yes: 86.4%
		No: 13.6%
		Not sure: 0.0%
Use of graduated responses prior	Yes; may include extending	Yes: 47.7%
to discharge	another month or additional	No: 25.0%
· ·	activities, depending on the need	Not sure: 27.3%
Sealing diversion records	Yes; The Diversion assistant notifies the arresting agency that	Yes: 59.1% No: 22.7%
	the juvenile has completed the diversion program. If the Juvenile completes the diversion program then the letter is sent and record	Not sure: 18.2%
	sealed.	

<sup>\*</sup>responses included 44 juvenile diversion programs; representing 68 counties/tribe (91.9% response rate)



# **Community Team Level**

- A community lead should be able to get roughly a 75% response, to ensure active participation on planning issues, your response rate was 37.0%.
- The rates of collective impact went up for three elements, but down for two. The community team should look at shared measurement and continuous communication amongst the team.
- The community team should be representative of the population of that community but should also include diversity. It might be beneficial to add diverse member to your team (especially because of the patterns of over and under representation.)
- The Northeast Team has good representation of previous system involvement.
- There were no probation, defense counsel, DHHS, ministry/faith based, or detention system point mentioned on your team; it could be that your team does include members at these system points but did not respond to the survey.
- 3/4 of the team felt heard by the group, but that may not be representative due to low response rate.

Table 26. Collective Impact Survey Response Rates p

	Northeast Team		Nebr	aska
Year of survey	2019	2020	2019	2020
Number of surveys sent	29	46	1407	780
Number of completed surveys	5	17	221	345
Response rate	17.2%	<mark>37.0%</mark>	28.3%	24.5%

Table 27. Collective Impact Survey Scores p

	Northeast 7	Геат	Nebra	aska
Year of survey	2019	2020	2019	2020
	Mean Sc	ore	Mean	Score
Common agenda	5.14	5.65	5.29	5.69
Mutually reinforcing	5.25	5.29	5.37	5.50
Shared measurement	<mark>5.18</mark>	<mark>4.94</mark>	5.21	5.45

Continuous communication	<mark>5.50</mark>	<mark>5.41</mark>	5.49	5.55
Backbone agency	5.25	5.35	5.52	5.78

The five elements of Collective Impact are:

- **Common agenda:** Participants have a shared vision and common understanding of both the problem and potential solutions to that problem.
- Mutually reinforcing activities: Participant activities must be differentiated while still being coordinated through a mutually reinforcing plan of action.
- **Shared measurement:** Collecting data and measuring results consistently across all participants ensures efforts remain aligned and participants hold each other accountable.
- **Continuous communication:** Consistent and open communication is needed across stakeholders to build trust, assure mutual objectives, and create common motivation.
- **Backbone support**: Creating and managing Collective Impact often requires a separate organization(s) with staff and a specific set of skills to serve as the backbone for the entire initiative and to coordinate participating organizations <sup>q</sup>

Table 28.
Community Planning Team Diversity P

	Northeas	st Team	Neb	raska
	N = 17	(%)	N = 345	(%)
Gender				
Male	8	47.1%	101	29.3%
Female	8	47.1%	229	66.4%
Missing	1	5.9%	15	4.3%
Age				
Under 30			19	5.6%
30-39	6	35.3%	68	19.6%
40-49	6	35.3%	88	25.4%
50-59	2	11.8%	90	25.8%
60 and over	2	11.8%	44	13%
Missing	1	5.9%	36	10.4%
Race/Ethnicity				
White	15	88.2%	230	66.7%
Black	<mark></mark>		10	2.9%
Hispanic			13	3.8%
Native American			6	1.7%





Asian	1	5.9%	1	0.3%
Other			2	0.6%
Provided town name	1	5.9%	63	18.3%
Missing			19	5.5%
Previous System Involvement				
Yes	7	41.2%	98	28.4%
No	10	58.8%	242	70.1%
Missing			5	1.4%
System Point				
Law enforcement	4	19.0%	34	7.8%
County attorney/ juvenile court	5	23.8%	32	7.3%
K-12 or secondary education	7	33.3%	65	14.9%
Ministry/faith based			10	2.3%
Diversion	2	9.5%	55	12.6%
Probation			31	7.1%
Public defender/ defense counsel/	<u></u>		8	1.8%
guardian ad litem				
DHHS or Child Welfare			13	3.0%
Treatment provider	1	4.8%	40	9.2%
Post adjudication or detention	<mark></mark>		8	1.8%
Community based program	1	4.8%	109	25.0%
Elected official or government			6	1.4%
Restorative practices			6	1.4%
Backbone or system improvement	<b></b>		3	0.7%
Other	1	4.8%	16	3.7%
Voice on Team				
Feel heard	13	76.5%	270	78.3%
Do not feel heard	4	23.5%	75	21.7%

Boone n = 1, Burt n = 1, Cuming n = 1, Madison n = 10, Stanton n = 1, Wayne n = 1 (one person named more than one county they represent)

\*note. Team members could have selected more than one system point; as such, they do not add up to 100%

### References and Resources

- <sup>a</sup> **Population data:** Table B01001 race series, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020
- <sup>a</sup> **Youth employment:** Table B23001, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on July 10, 2020
- <sup>a</sup> **Poverty/SES:** Table B10724, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020
- <sup>a</sup> **Technology in household:** Table B28005, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20
- <sup>a</sup> **Home owner/transportation:** Table B25045, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Compiled and Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 8-11-20
- <sup>a</sup> **Education attainment:** Table B15002, 2014-2018 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 3-18-2020
- <sup>b</sup> School membership, chronic absenteeism, student disability, and free/reduced lunch: Prepared by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education
- <sup>c</sup> **Graduation rates:** Special Tabulation by Sara Simonsen, Nebraska Department of Education Prepared by: David Drozd, UNO Center for Public Affairs Research on 7-24-2020
- <sup>d</sup> Mental health, Substance use, gang, and community perceptions of substance use: Bureau of Sociological Research, Nebraska Risk and Protective Factors Survey: https://bosr.unl.edu/current-nrpfss-county-level-data
- e Referral to and utilization of services: Department of Health and Human Services
- <sup>f</sup> **Adult and juvenile arrests:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics: <a href="https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx">https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx</a>
  <sup>g</sup> Diversion programs
- h Domestic violence: Nebraska Crime Commission, Domestic Assault:
  https://ncc.nebraska.gov/sites/ncc.nebraska.gov/files/doc/2019%20Domestic%20Assault%20and%20Arrest%2
  Oby%20County 0.pdf

<sup>1</sup>Child abuse and neglect

<sup>j</sup> **Community violence:** Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics: https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx

<sup>k</sup> Distance to detention facility: Google Maps

<sup>1</sup>Racial and ethnic disparities: Prepared by Mitch Herian, University of Nebraska-Lincoln with data provided by:





Nebraska Crime Commission, Crime Statistics: <a href="https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx">https://crimestats.ne.gov/public/Browse/browsetables.aspx</a>
Nebraska Crime Commission, Juvenile Case Management System
Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE
Nebraska Judicial Branch, Juvenile Services Division

- <sup>m</sup> Court Filings and Juvenile Record Sealing: Data provided by the Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute on 9-1-20
- <sup>n</sup> **Access to Counsel:** Kids County in Nebraska Report, Voices for Children, retrieved from: <a href="https://www.voicesforchildren.com/kidscount">www.voicesforchildren.com/kidscount</a>. Data originally from Nebraska Judicial Branch Trial Court Case Management System, JUSTICE
- <sup>o</sup> **Diversion procedures and protocols:** Diversion survey distributed to Juvenile Diversion programs, 2020. Prepared by: Lindsey Wylie, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute
- <sup>p</sup> **Collective impact:** Collective impact surveys distributed to Community Planning Teams, 2019 and 2020. Prepared by: Anne Hobbs and Erin Wasserburger, UNO Juvenile Justice Institute
- <sup>q</sup> Collective Impact Elements: Kania, J., & Kramer, M. (2011). Collective Impact. *Stanford Social Innovation Review*.

# **Appendix: Sealed Court Records by Year**

\*Cases offered diversion, mediation or RJ are not available data points in in JUSTICE. All cases filed in adult court and transferred to juvenile court overlapped with cases that were filed in adult court as a misdemeanor or infraction; as such, they were omitted from analysis

2015	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	5	8	62.5%
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ			
Filed in Juv. Court	26	48	54.2%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	2	2	100%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to			
Juv. Court			
Total	33	58	56.9%

2016	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	2	3	66.7%
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ		-	
Filed in Juv. Court	15	50	30.0%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	5	6	83.3%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to			
Juv. Court			
Total	22	59	37.3%

2017	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	3	4	75.0%
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ		1	
Filed in Juv. Court	11	23	47.8%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)	1	2	50.0%
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to			
Juv. Court			
Total	15	29	51.7%





2018	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	2	10	20.0%
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ			
Filed in Juv. Court	0	47	0.0%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)			
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to			
Juv. Court			
Total	2	57	3.5%

2019	Number of charges Sealed	Total Number of charges	Sealed (%)
Dismissed or Dropped	1	3	33.3%
Offered Diversion, mediation, or RJ			
Filed in Juv. Court	3	37	8.1%
Filed in Adult Court (M or I)			
Filed in Adult Court and Transferred to			
Juv. Court			
Total	4	44	9.1%